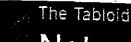
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Comment

Budget secrets revealed Sir George

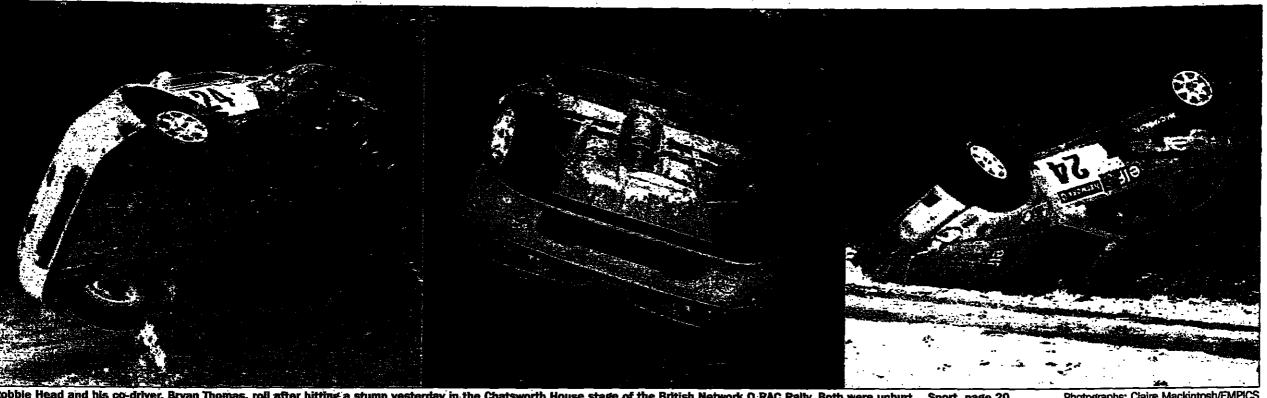
Parr interviewed



The Tabloid

Waking up with Roddy Doyle

Sunday driver takes the motor for a quick spin in the country



Robbie Head and his co-driver, Bryan Thomas, roll after hitting a stump yesterday in the Chatsworth House stage of the British Network Q RAC Rally. Both were unhurt.

Clarke sent into the lions' den



Chief Political Correspondent

tention on tomorrow's Budg

The next seven days - with the Budget and announcements on public expenditure including increases in spending on health, schools and the po-lice - will be the most important in Mr Major's strategy for winning the election against all the odds.

He vesterday telephoned Mr Clarke to ask him to step into the lion's den to rescue the Budget strategy, in spite of a mauling which he can expect from Euro-sceptics. But the mishandling of his own back bench has further diminished Mr Major's authority, according to critics. "It's a classic bit of Major inaction - he marches them up to the top

of the hill, and leaves it to Ken Clarke to march them down again," a leading Tory Euro-sceptic said.

In a further climb-down, the Prime Minister will meet the chief whip Alastair Goodlad today to agree a date for days before the European summit in Dublin in mid-December. But some of those who had been the loudest in calling for the debate last night said that hardly mattered.

By securing the statement by the Chancellor, 24 hours before he delivers his Budget package, the back-bench Tory MPs had made their

That point will be reinforced tonight when Mr Major meets the leaders of the 1922 Committee, Sir Marcus Fox, Dame Jill Knight, and Sir Geoffrey Johnson Smith. There is likely to be a concert-

further than the immediate row over Europe. They were told to tell Mr Major of the unrest in the ranks over Europe and a wide range of blunders which have damaged morale, including the mis-

The Chancellor today will seek to reassure the more than 100 Tory backbenchers who last week signed a protest motion in the Commons that he will not make any binding agreements at the meeting of European economic ministers next Monday that would undermine Britain's opt out from a single currency. point to Mr Major that they have to be He will be reiterating the assurances he listened to.

He will be reiterating the assurances he listened to.

He will be reiterating the assurances he listened to. Friday by the Treasury.

A Treasury aide said Mr Clarke wanted to "correct misleading reports" over the weekend about leaked European documents which the Euro-sceptics claimed ed effort to smooth over the row, but had underlined their concern about to reject Sinn Fein demands for the message they were asked to take to Britain's partners seeking to impose

the Prime Minister by the executive of fines on countries outside a single curthe 1922 Committee of Tory MPs went rency. Mr Clarke will flatly deny those claims, and he will be open to questions for about half an hour in the

Sources close to John Redwood, the former leadership challenger, said: "We regard this as a victory. This is what we vanted all along. We wanted the Chanhis action and to make it clear that the office. stabilisation pact will have no implications for the domestic control of Britain's economy.'

By acting now, the Prime Minister has removed any threat of an attempt to bring down the Government before Christmas, although the Ulster Union-ist leader, David Trimble, reserved the right to vote against the Government on issues such as fish quotas and the ban on beef exports.

Mr Trimble denied a weekend report that he had done a deal with Mr Major return for a guarantee to prop up the Tories. The shadow Chancellor, Gordon Brown, accused the Government of "chaos and disarray" after Ian Lang, the President of the Board of Trade, suggested there could be an emergency debate next Friday before it was disowned by Downing Street sources. "They could not run a bath," the caustic comment by Tony Blair's

Philip Oppenheim, one of the Chancellor's junior Treasury ministers, defended the Government but distanced himself from the leadership, telling Teresa Gorman on BBC1's Breakfast with Frost yesterday: "I am a Euro-sceptic. I am not in the same league as you, but I would find it totally unacceptable if the Government were trying to commit ourselves to European economic and monetary union.

> EMU, page 10 Clarke's hat trick, page 19

Kidnap victim freed Police officers armed with stun grenades yesterday raided a Hertfordshire hotel where Craig Allee, 21, was being held hostage by a gang. The kid-nappers, who had taken Mr Allee from his home in Merseyside on Saturday morning, had demanded a £51,000 reason from his father. Page 15

QUICKLY

Dickensian Britain* Health visitors report wide-spread child mainutition in ness, fuel cut-offs and 19thcentury living conditions among Britain's poor. TB has been on the increase in poor areas

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Dear Ken, a quiet word in your ear from four former Chancellors

Donald Macintyre Chief Political Commentator

Can Chancellors win elections by being prudent? Did Reginald.
Mauding's electioneering "dash
for growth" budge actually
belp the Torics to defeat in 1964? And did Roy Jenkins' austere and orthodox budget all but win it for Labour in 1970? if you believe the exclusive club of ex-Chancellors, then

chub of ex-Chancellors, then the answer to all three questions is the They all recommend that Then Clarke resists the templation for a sign to give any tomorrow.

According to Ford Jenkins, the Chancellor should apply "a slight to a certific fiscal brakes. If he thinks he's conducting me, he'll do less that he equivalent of around fi bin now.

He admires Mr Clarke for publicly resisting the "vulear"

publicly resisting the "vulgar" demand for deep pre-election tax cuts and says he is as good a Chancellor as this government will allow. But he thinks to-



morrow's Budget will be 'a mistakes like thinking that Concompromise between the irresponsibility that most members of the Cabinet want and what I am advocating." The most extreme advice - to

raise taxes other than income tax by a net £5bn - comes from Lord Healey (1974-79), who has more than a sneaking regard. for Mr Clarke. (And scarcely any for John Major: "What do you do if you see a pin flying through the air? Look for John Major with a hand grenade in his mouth.") Mr Clarke reminds the old bruiser "very much of a feller called Denis

The assente can be for should go net for vote pur

sett still produces steel." The 1978 Healey budget was designed as a pre-election one and he vainly advised Lord Callaghan to go to the country in that year. It put £2.5bn - or £5bn in current values - over a full year into the economy. But Lord Healey cantions Mr

Clarke against doing anything similar. "His biggest problem, the one blot on his copybook, is this tremendous deficit. Anything he does which is responsible will repay him. He can cut our deficit without stopping activity." Lord Healey wants the Healey. He's got many of abolition of tax breaks for Prof-Healey's strengths and many of it Related Pay, and of Mortgage his weaknesses. I used to blurt Interest Tax Relief - a relief a lot though I didn't make silly which he says "is very difficult

housing market is on the move. He wants increased taxes on North Sea Oil and more taxes

on petrol "which are very much needed for environmental reasons as well as for money". And he wants to end the "imputation system on dividends". Asked what on earth that is, Healey replies with all his old bhuntness: "Look it up." (It turns out to be a relief on advance tax paid by companies on dividends, held to encourage firms to distribute profits rather than use for them for investment.)

Even Lord Howe (1979-1983) - judged by Edmund Dell, the most recent historian of post-war Chancellors, as the most outstanding - allowed himself a bit of a spending spree before the 1983 election. But Lord Howe sums up his advice with just nine words: "Ken should go for virtue, not for vote-purchasing.'

Norman Lamont (1990-93) also recommends a "light budget", adding: "He has to be cautious. There are two risks. On borrowing, there were good figures for last month but the trend of the PSBR has been dis-

appointing." The other problem is infla-tion. Like all the others Mr Lamont believes the priority is to keep the recovery going without having to hike interest rates up to unacceptable levels. And that means a "tight" budget. Mr Lamont adds: "Inflation has increased. If it's a choice between maintaining interest rates on the one hand or putting them up and cutting taxes on the other then I think maintaining interest rates should be the priority.

So, caution all round. It all goes to show that there's no-one

is among the survivors - to land

at the airport in Moroni, capi-

tal of the Comoro Islands about

five miles from the crash site,

even though he was insisting the

plane was running out of fuel.

cameraman, Mohamed Amin,

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women swam from hijack plane

Moroni, Comoro Islands - agencies

Two British women, Katherine Hayes and Elizabeth Anders, told yesterday of their escape from the hijacked Ethiopean Airlines plane which crashed into the Indian Ocean off Grande Comore, the main island of the Comoro Islands. They suffered only slight in-juries. When the Booing 767

dived into the sea and broke up in the middle, killing more than

Ms Hayes, 30, faxed news of her safety, saying: "I was able from Beckenham, Kent, who to undo my seat belt and swam up to the surface."

The women, both in the music business and from the Surrcy-London area, had decided to take a year out to see the world. They were among 52 sur-vivors of the disaster. The Foreign Office in London said

crash was Andy Meakins, 43, works with the Christian charity Tear Fund in Addis Ababa. Rescuers have recovered 67 bodies, leaving 56 others pre-

spined dead. The British women and some of the other survivors were flows to the neighbouring island of Reunion last night

100 of the 175 passengers and ers was not known but one of the wreckage. The airliner ran fused to allow the pilot - who the Britons feared dead in the out of fuel and plunged into the sea on Saturday afternoon after hijackers battled the pilot for the controls.

The hijackers commandecred Flight 961 shortly after it took off from the Ethiopian capital, Addis Ababa, on a flight to Abidjan, Ivory Coast with stops in Nairobi, Kenya; Brazzaville, Congo: and La-

gos, Nigeria. right Britons were on board the Rescue, workers yesterday The co-pilot, Yonas Mekuria, plane. The fate of the six oth-continued to pull bodies from said that the three hijackers re-

was among the passengers who died Amin, 53, of Reuters Television, won acclaim for bringing Ethiopia's disastrous 1984 famine to the eyes of the

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Prize butcher Workers gain linked to food little from early poisoning

mitted to hospitals after an outbreak of food poisoning in central Scotland linked to meat from an award-winning family butcher.

At least five of those admitted to hospitals in Lanarkshire attended a special lunch for the elderly, organised by Wishaw Old Parish Church on 17 November.

The lunch included steak pie bought from John Barr & Son in Wishaw, a butcher awarded the title Scottish Butcher of the Year in September and used by the church for many years.
Public health experts have

blamed the outbreak on the bacteria E.coli 0157 which they have linked to cold and cooked meats prepared Mr Barr's butchers.

PC recovering after surgery

A policeman underwent an emergency operation to re-construct his face yesterday after being kicked while trying to break up a fight at a 50th birthday party at a hotel

in Weybridge, Surrey. PC Pat Bower suffered four fractures to his cheekbone in the incident, which happened in the early hours of vesterday morning. Two other officers were injured. Five people, four from the same family, were under arrest vesterday.

Silicon alley cats tagged

Microchip technology is among the weapons in use as the Army and RSPCA join forces to promote pet welfare at a military base.

A campaign is being launched at Catterick Garrison, North Yorkshire, where there is a particular problem with stray pet cats. It will involve grain of rice-sized microchips being inserted under the skin of the animals, enabling them to be reunited with their owners The campaign will involve leafleting, visiting schools, and having displays at strategic places.

Germany DM4.5 Sweden..... Skr21

GAME

retirement

Twenty-five people aged from two to 90 have been adretirement feel it was a "dis-Many workers who take early aster", according to a report

employment.

inquisition.

boot in on air

tional Heritage secretary

FA commercial director

land strip in January, just a

few weeks after Christmas.

grily accused the FA of ripping off fans.

West moved

to new prison

Mass murderer Rosemary

West has been temporarily

Prison. She had been in the

top-security Durham prison

year ago on 10 counts of

Single winner

scoops lottery

One ticket scooped Saturday night's £11.7 million National

Lottery jackpot. The numbers were 16, 33, 34, 43, 46,

49 and bonus ball was 47.

THE INDEPENDENT ABROAD

published yesterday. A third of those questioned said they had been given some choice before taking early retirement and 13% had left for health reasons. But 14% said taking early retirement was a "disaster", a survey of staff in seven further violence. large organisations by the Institute for Employment Studies found. The workers

Hope of renewed Irish ceasefire fades Unionists talk down optimism by nationalists. David McKittrick reports

Irish nationalist optimism that a renewed IRA ceasefire might be on the cards yesterday stood in stark contrast to pessimistic assessments from sources within the Government, security circles and the Ulster Unionists.

The SDLP leader John Hume raised hopes in a series of interviews by declaring that a major opportunity existed to achieve lasting peace. But on the security side, sources said their indications were that the IRA was now preparing for

These varying critiques, apart

from reflecting a huge cultural and political gap between Westminster and Ulster, have created two different schools of thought. One is that another ceasefire is only a matter of time, and could well come before Christmas; the other is that the future holds just war.

Sinn Fein leaders said that a package of "reasonable and realistic" proposals had been conveyed to John Major six weeks ago. But the outlook from the

Government side was one of heavy scepticism concerning republican intentions.

Reportedly, Mr Major will soon issue a statement responding to the republicans' proposition, and clarify, in response to a Unionist request. the issue of how Sinn Fein could gain entry to the peace talks. According to Unionist sources, Mr Major was asked by the Ulster Unionist leader David Trimble to spell this out

when the two met in London last week. Unionist sources insisted that there was no basis for a report that a deal had been done involving Mr Trimble promising support for the Gov-ernment in a vote of no confi-

Mr Trimble yesterday said the chances of a new IRA ceasefire were extremely remote: "The current talk of peace is merely camouflage behind which their preparations for violence ad-

said: "I believe a restoration of the ceasefire is very possible if there is a statement from the British government making very clear that the talks process is a serious process." He added that the proposals forwarded to

the Government contained "nothing revolutionary".
The SDLP leader also warned that it would be a serious mistake "if there were political games being played because of the numbers game at Westminster".

On Saturday, more than Wil Sinn Fein delegates debated "conflict resolution" issues at an all-day meeting in Athboy, Co Meath, in the Irish Republic. Before the meeting Sing Fem's Martin McGuinness said he would move "heaven and earth to ensure there was a peaceful

climate for any negotiations.

Afterwards, he and other republican leaders insisted the initiative lay with Mr Major of called on the Prime Minister is respond to their proposals.

French

asked

to help

lorries

The Department of Hansport

yesterday urged the French

government to help with com-pensation claims made it. British truckers caught up in the seven-day kerry drivers strike

across the Channel. Hundreds of UK loary drivers

have been trapped in France since the dispute began last Monday and it is feared that many of the smaller British

haulage companies may bu

rained by the cost of cargoes rotting after being stranded.

Sir George Young, the Socretary of State for Transport, wrote to his French counterpart

Bernard Pons over the weekend

to ask for urgent information on

how the British truckers should

make their compensation claims. In his letter, Sir George said: "I hope that the relevant French

authorities will take all necessary

steps to ensure the well-being of

British drivers, particularly if the weather, or the mood of the

Talks between the employers

and lorry drivers' trade unions

reconvened yesterday evening

in the presence of a govern-

ment-nominated mediator,

Robert Cros. Mr Cros chaired

the road transport conciliation committee until 18 months ago

in a statement, the transport

far as it has the power, is de-

termined to play a full part in

bringing about an agreement."

The government, which had

tried to keep out of the dispute,

is said to be under strong pres-

sure to produce a settlement.

Almost three-quarters of

French people are on the side

of the lorry drivers, according

to an opinion poll by the Ipsos

polling organisation. Of those

asked, 74 per cent said they sym-

pathised with the strike; 87 per

cent said they thought the de-

mands of the lorry drivers were

"justified" or "more justified than not". Only 59 per cent.

ministry said: "The state, in so

French strikers, worsens."

and Charlie Bala



Lone parents' benefits to be sacrificed for tax cuts

Colin Brown

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It will be defended as a move to bolster family values by Peter Lilley, the Secretary of State for Social Security, in a debate on welfare benefits on Thursday. Abolishing the premium payments will save £270m a

get by the Chancellor, Kenneth Clarke. The City believes Mr Clarke has enough to cut taxes by 3p in the pound as reported in The Independent on Saturday, but he is likely to direct some of the additional revenue to slashing the current retail price index. public-sector borrowing re-

> Whitehall sources are predicting an "imaginative" Budget, which could see rises in duty on "alco-pops" to curb underage drinkers, and on tobacco, but help for the beer industry

imports of cheap beer. Spending on health, schools and the police will increase, but there will be deep cuts in spending on road building, grants for housing-association house building, and the welfare budget will

bear the brunt. The uprating of benefits to be announced on Thursday will be triggered by inflation in September, which means benefit increases will be lower than the Mr Lilley is expected to an-

nounce the lone-parent premi-um will be frozen for all those now claiming. The separate one-parent benefit, worth £6.30 a week, is likely to escape being frozen but will be merged with child benefit next April.

claim income support will conpoverty trap," said Ms Harman's aide. Ms Harman is proposing tinue to receive the additional £5.20 top-up through lone-parthe transfer of benefits to proents' premium. Last year Mr Lilley announced it would be frozen, and Whitehall sources confirmed yesterday that abo-lition was in line with his plans.

port were attacked as "shortighted" last night by Labour. A spokesman for Harriet Harman, the shadow Secretary of State for Social Security, said it would make the plight of lone parents worse and do nothing to help them to get work.

A report in the Independent on Sunday yesterday showed that 3 out of 10 children were being born into poverty.

duce more child care support to allow lone parents to go to work and get off benefit. The Budget cuts will include The cuts in lone-parent sup-

a pledge to carry out a crackdown on social security fraud leading to savings of £1bn. But ministerial sources admitted that it cannot be achieved by the action which is promised in the Fraud Bill due to be debated in the Commons today.

The Bill gives the authorities the power for the first time to compare inland revenue tax returns and VAT returns with claims for social security benefits, such as housing benefits, which are subject to organised

however, approved of the meth-ods being used by the lorry drivers to pursue their case. In England, angry MP's ac-cused the former Labour leader Neil Kinnock, the European Union Transport Commissioner, of failing to act to rescue the stranded British truckers. They said that no leadership was being shown to end the dispute and the issue is set to be raised again

ber of haulage companies in his constituency had been badiesal fected: "I am now involved in discussions with them as to whether I should go over to France and have a stand-up row with the French police," he said. servative MP for Southend East, said: "This is an intolerable situation ... If Mr Kinnock cannot do something about this

. Sir Teddy Taylor, the Conin exchange for his excessive salary, why do we need com-

"It is going to make matters to combat illegal cross-Channel eak reveals road-plans axe

Steve Boggan Chief Reporter

Kenneth Clarke has been asked to use tomorrow's Budget to announce the cancellation of up to 95 road-building schemes be-cause current funding would prevent many of them being completed within 30 years. In a confidential briefing document leaked to Friends of

the Earth, one of the Government's most senior transport advisers tells ministers that the timescale required for the programme would be "indefensible" unless projects are cut. third Thames crossing at that, until 1995, cuts in the road Blackwall, east London, and bypasses in Bedford, Stamford, Disley and Shipley.

Friends of the Earth said the cuts would reprieve thousands of people whose homes are blighted, but it criticised the way they were to be dressed up as good news. The briefing paper was sent to Sir George Young, the Secretary of State for Transport, and John Watts, infrastructure minister.

Applauding the way Mr Clarke announced the cancellation of 77 schemes in last fensible" unless projects are cut.

Among the 95 projects that could be affected are 26 modivision of the Department of torway widening schemes, a Transport says in the paper paid for by borrowing.

perceived as 'bad news'".

Last year, however, "...we took great pains to issue the results on Budget day, and with consid-erable success: the department as such was not blamed for the very substantial cut-back. Officials propose that we should deal with this year's announcements in the same way."

It shows that government Design, Build, Finance and Operate" (DBFO) schemes, in which private contractors build roads which are in effect leased by back to the Government over a long period, are more costly that traditional schemes

On current plans, including DBFOs, Mr Wenban-Smith writes, "the main programme
... would take about 30 years to complete, which would be too long to be defensible. This assumes conventional funding; if more schemes were taken for-ward as DBFOs, it would take longer because DBFOs require additional funding in interest and VAT payments." As well as listing schemes

recommended for cancellation. the document ranks others by importance, leaving the way for a further 96-103 to be cut. Roger Higman of Friends of the Earth estimated the cuts could save the Government between £3bn and £4bn.

in the Commons this week.

David Shaw, the Conservative MP for Dover, said that a num-

MP accuses Blair staffer of dirty tricks

Anthony Bevins Political Editor

A member of Tony Blair's staff has been accused of assisting in a "poisonous" dirty-ricks operation against a Labour MP. The charge was made by Brian
Sedgemore, MP for Hackney
She denied the charge yesterday. "Andrew MacKinlay consouth and Shoreditch, falsely identified by a member of the Blair press team as "Cassandra", who attacked Mr Blair in

the left-wing Tribune. Evidence of the smear was given Mr Sedgemore last week and ... the only calls we had reby Andrew MacKinlay, MP for ceived were from journalists prime minister.

Thurrock, after Mr Sedgemore dropped the matter "in the interests of party unity". He is considering a defama-

tion action against Hilary Coffman after she suggested he fitted the Cassandra profile. tacted Tony Blair's office ... He wanted to assure us he wasn't Cassandra. I told him that we had no idea who Cassandra was, had never heard Andrew's name mentioned in this context.

suggesting it might be Brian Sedgemore. At no stage did I suggest it was Brian Sedgemore. Mr MacKinlay seems to have got the hold of the wrong end of the stick," she said. In a letter to Mr Sedgemore

on Wednesday, Mr MacKinlay said he had been approached by two journalists asking if he was the author. He called the leader's office to make sure Mr Blair was told he was not responsible for the attack, which said Mr Blair could face a coup within months of being elected

"I was put through to Hilary Coffman ...," Mr MacKinlay said. "When I told her my purpose for calling, she said, Well, I must tell you, Andrew, that you don't feature on the list of suspects.' She then went on to suggest that the most probably person who might be Cassandra

... 'is Brian Sedgemore', I went on to remark that I thought this was unlikely and ... I said 'He was never on the front bench," to which Hilary responded, Ah. but we've looked and he was a PPS [Parliamentary private secretary] during the time of the your name to do so."

last Labour government." That was basically the extent of my conversation with the leader's office."

Mr Sedgemore wrote to Mr-Blair on Thursday, saying he was dismayed" by subsequent information provided by Mr./. MacKinlay, "I now understand that Hilary Coffman . . was no the only person amongst your aides involved in this poisoness affair," Mr Sedgemore tellshis leader, "It looks like a ditytricks operation to damage an innocent Labour MP, using

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Kidnap victim freed in armed police raid

A young man who suffers from spina bifida was rescued by armed police using stun grenades yesterday after he was kidnapped and held for ransom at a Hertfordshire hotel.

Craig Alice, 21, of Liverpool, was taken from his Merseyside home in the early hours of Saturday morning by a group of men and driven wn to London. A ransom denand of £51,000 was made to safe and well.

was eventually traced to one of two rooms in the West Lodge Park Hotel in Hadley Wood, Hertfordshire. Armed officers from the South East Regional Crime Squad raided both rooms with stun grenades and Mr Allee was eventually found

were arrested in the incident miles and detained against his and he is delighted that his son and were taken back to Mersey will. Quite obviously he was up has been safely recovered." it was unusual," she said. "We individuals," he said. "The stum never suspected anything like side last night for questioning.

Detective Superintendent John Kerruish, in charge of the operation, said yesterday that Mr Allee, who needs regular medication for his condition, had been examined by a doctor who declared him fit and well.
"It was a very frightening ex-perience for Craig," Det Sint

Kernush said. "He suffers from spina bifida, he is only 21, he was threatened and taken from his bed at 4am, driven hundreds of

set. But he is now quite cheerful and in good spirits and is grateful for what was done for

Det Supt Kerruish said it was believed that those involved in the kidnap knew Mr Allee's father and that there could be a business connection between them. "We will have to interview the father again. He has been very concerned for the safety of his son," he said. "He has co-

A number of plainclothes officers arrived at the four-

star, 50-room hotel at around 11pm on Saturday night. Senior officers informed one of the managers that a police operation was underway and guests returning after a night out were stopped from going up to their

Det Supt Kerruish said the operation had been "wonderfully successful. The firearms people who executed the entry had a lot of money on them and

grenades disorientate people this but I know the receptionand make a lot of noise but do not injure anyone"

Staff and guests said they heard several explosions as the police raided the room where Mr Aliee was being held. Tonia King, duty manageress at the hotel said, that when the

ing arrived with Mr Allee earon Saturday evening they immediately aroused suspicion.

ist and the housekeeper felt that there was something not right."

Police were yesterday still trying to determine the motive behind the kidnap but it is thought that there could be a link with drug dealing.

A follow-up investigation is being carried out in the London area which involves officers from Merseyside, the Metropolitan Police and the South East Regional Crime Squad.





Television soap stars make a pantomime of Christmas

Arts News Editor

Pantomime, that staple of the British Christmas, is being treated with "disrespect" as directors use soap stars, pop singers and celebrity acts to draw in audi-

A leading figure in British theatre has castigated fellow directors for continually turning to "unsuitable" soap stars. Philip Hedley, director of the Theatre Royal, Stratford East, and a former drama adviser to the Arts Council, accused them of undermining the traditional panto in an effort to sell tickets. He adds that having black and Asian heroes and heroines

in panto is "disgracefully rare". Casting for this season's pantomimes does indeed follow the ritual pattern of recent years, trading in on television shows. A look through the listings shows that Aladdin in Southsea, Hampshire, stars "Hunter" from the television show Gladiators, while Aladdin in Chatham, Kent, stars "Troian" from Gladiators as well as EastEnders star Paul Nicholis (who plays the troubled teenager Joe Wicks), and Fiona Wade

from Grange Hill.

EastEnders is well-represented in pantoland. Among its stars, Patsy Palmer (Bianca) is Cinderella in Bath, and Paul Bradley (Nigel) is Silly Billy in Goldilocks in Hackney, east Birds of a Feather is in Dick Whit-Matthew Kelly, presenter of Stars in your Eyes, spends Christmas in Mother Goose in Birmingham.

The actors' union Equity will oppose soap stars playing in panto only if they are from abroad and not deemed sufficiently famous to be granted a work permit. The union op-posed the casting of Neighbours actress Kimberley Davies as Maid Marion in Robin Hood. But, tellingly, producer Nick Thomas simply replaced her with another Neighbours star, Sarah Vandenbergh.
At the Theatre Royal Strat-

ford East, however, Beauty and the Beast is using relative unknowns and relying on tradi-tional storylines. The Theatre Royal's pantos have in the past discovered stars such as Joanne Whalley and Kate Hardie.

"I do think that the pantomime is an enormously important part of British theatre," Mr Hedley said yesterday, "and



Oh, yes they are: Television stars Sarah Vandenbergh, Paul Bradley and Lesley Joseph are all taking to the panto stage

good soap stars, people like Anita Dobson; but too often they just come on and do their funny voices, or singers sing their current chart hit, or comedy acts like Rod Hull and Emu stop the show to do their act."

Earlier, at a seminar at the Theatre Museum in London, Mr Hedley hit out at fellow directors, saying: "I believe it is important to have a cast that the

disrespect. There area lot of for the roles. Commercial companies think they need them to pull in the crowds.

"I really don't approve of filling the cast with pop stars or soap characters who feel they have to insert their act or sing during the panto regardless of the story. The pantomime is a Christmas tradition that overrides stars. We don't need them to sell our tickets."

He added: "Our borough is cast 'names' that are unsuitable a majority of Afro-Asian peo- that in the cases in which tele- Dame."

make sure we are representative and our hero and heroine are black and Asian, which is disgracefully rare in pantos. In my view, there are enough white role-models on the tele-

Paul Elliott, whose company E and B presents 33 pantomimes as part of the Cad-

ple living within it. When it vision stars did do part of their comes to panto we have to act it was integrated in to the plot. "We use soap stars because they are the people the public want to see, and a great deal of them are very good performers," he added.
"Philip Hedley is right that

vision, so our casting is colour you should cast the play and not cast the pantomine poster. But you can't say that Matthew Goose for example. He is a very kids can identify with and not the first in the country to have bury's Pantomine Season, said fine actor and a wonderful

Desert island Blair fails to sing to spin-doctors' tune

Clare Garner

As well as selecting his eight favourite records on Desert Is-land Discs yesterday, Tony Blair made clear his preference in schools for his second son. The Labour lender defended

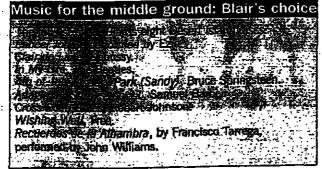
his decision to send his eldest son to an opt-out school - and told Sue Lawley that his second son, Nicky, 10. would probably

Introducing his potpourri of classical, rock and blues songs, Mr Blair stressed the importance of not being a "political obsessive" – and proved his point by announcing that he would happily face the political music for the sake of his sons.

Of his choice of school for Nicky, he said: "That will be a decision that we'll take shortly but I see no reason why not. I think it was important to do the right thing for him [Euan] and had I not done that it would Nave been a betrayal of his fu-

"I couldn't have got up and looked myself in the mirror if I hadn't. I've got an obligation to

my boy as a father." Mr Blair's choice of records. also raised a few eyebrows. The eight tracks - in the order



Lune by Debussy (his mother's has been working on the choice for several weeks and decided favourite). In My Life by The Beatles, 4th of July, Ashury Park on the final choice last week." Mr Blair also revealed a ro-(Sandy) by Bruce Springsteen, mantic side to his nature. Along Adagio for Strings, op 11, by Samuel Barber, Cross Road with his luxury item - a guitar - he would take the book Ivan-Blues by Robert Johnson, Wishhoe by Sir Walter Scott, "one of ing Well by Free and Recuerdos de la Alhambra by Francisco Tarrega and performed by John Williams - were criticised by some as "middle of the road".

Critics suggested that Peter Mandelson, Mr Blair's chief aide, selected the castaway's choices with an eye for the voters - a claim dismissed by Labour leader's aides as "utter

"Every single record was chosen by him (Mr Blair)," a spokesman said. "He knows in which they were played - more about music than anybody cancel Textar by Ezic, Clair de who works with or for him. He who works with or for him. He odds of 500-1. The Independent

can reveal that it was George El-liott, a taxi driver from Mr Blair's constituency of Sedgefield, Co Durham, who now stands to net around £12,500 if

Mr Blair wins. Yesterday Mr Blair joked: "Because the odds he was offered were rather long, he now stands to make a small fortune if I become Prime Minister. Every time I meet him on the street ... he sort of looks at me imploringly and then says How's it going? I feel I bear the entire responsibility for this man's future and his family upon my shoulders."

In one of the most personal parts of the programme. Mr Blair revealed how he wooed his future wife Cherie when they met while training at the Bar. Both were in competition

the greatest love stories in British literature." If he could for a scholarship which she eventually won. "I always reonly take one record it would be Recuerdos de la Alhambra. member Cherie being in the Asked how he would cope with an election defeat, he said: Lincoln's Inn library - when everybody else was going down to the pub for lunch, she was "We will cross that bridge when eating her sandwiches in there we come to it - if we come to and poring over her books," he it." He mentioned one man who was banking on it not coming to

He admitted that it took Although Mr Blair did not name the man who 13 years ago "quite a long time" for Cherie to become interested in him, but that, eventually, over a lunch bet £25 on him being Prime which turned into dinner, he Minister in the year 2000 with

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Gangland mocks as killers of a fearless

journalist go free on Dublin streets

Alan Murdoch

Five months after the Dublin government promised to track down the murderers of crime reporter Veronica Guerin no one has yet been charged with ordering or carrying out the shooting. Garda sources have warned privately that lack of forensic evidence linking suspects with her shooting on 26 June has reduced the chances of a successful prosecution.

None the less, some gardai are reported to have identified Ms Guerin's killer and his accomplice who drove a motorbike. One suspect is said to be hiding in England, the other in Spain. A motorbike found in the river Liffey is believed to have been used by the killers.

Detectives have also succeeded in generally disrupting crime. Drug importing and the tobacco smuggling associated with suspects for the murder have come under scrutiny. By this week, 131 people had been arrested and questioned, 276 searches carried out, and drugs and £600,000 cash seized.

The investigation has curtailed a guns-for-hire operation, with more than 100 illegal guns seized in a sweep that has yielded a sophisticated laser-sight automatic shotgun along with rifles and pistols.

One site, searched repeatedly by gardai, is Dublin's St Vincent's hospital boilerhouse, where a military assault rifle and a hand-gun were found hidden in an air-vent. Property has been seized by the newlyformed Criminal Assets Bureau, which targets criminals seldom in personal possession

The significant development has been the arrest of Paul "Hippo" Ward, 32, an unemployed man of Windmill Park, Crumlin, south Dublin. Last month he was charged with the attack and with taking part terms or jumping bai

has rejected suggestions that Ms Guerin was killed after discovering links between leading criminals and certain gardai. However, a garda from Tallaght, south-west Dublin, was last month charged with accepting a bribe and perverting the course of justice. John O'Neill, 32, resigned from the force

That the assassination of a nationally-known figure and one-time researcher for the taoiseach was contemplated at all, speaks volumes about Dublin gang leaders' swagger-ing sense of invulnerability. It does not help that police effectiveness has been seen to have weakened.

One suspect is said to be hiding in England, the other in Spain

Critics of the Garda complain that Dublin's meagre specialist drug squad of 15 officers was disbanded last year. "There is now no full-time operational drugs squad in Dublin," said Chris Finnegan, national secretary of the Garda Federation. Last year that job was handed to local stations, backed by a national drugs intelligence unit.

Criminal morale must also have been raised by early releases from prisons forced by overcrowding, and by a tortuously-slow summons system which, from 1993, allowed the release of serious criminal suspects while the Director of Public Prosecutions determined whether to bring charges. In addition, 1,000 offenders are illegally at large after sheltering Guerin's killers after breaching temporary release

The Garda commissioner short of its approved strength as rejected suggestions that of 12,000. Only 42 per cent of gardai are in the greater Dublin area, which accounts for twothirds of the country's crime. A new Garda commissioner, Pat Byrne, who has a background in combating the IRA, was appointed during the summer. Guerin's killing ended discussion of appointing a civilian head of the force.

The new commissioner's first public initiative in September, Operation Docas (Hope), increased numbers of uniformed gardai on street patrol as a de-terrent to drug dealers.

For reasons which are as yet unclear, this move has coincided with a fall in inner-city crime. The drop may also be related to the angry marches by residents on homes of alleged dealers during the past 18 months, in south inner-city Dublin and south-west satellite areas, as the addict population has soared with falling heroin prices. Some politicians suspect Op-

eration Docas has been launched partly to reassert the primacy of the Garda against a challenge by "vigilantes". Demonstrations have demanded tougher Garda action against drug dealers, and pushed for the eviction of dealers, a policy adopted by local authorities.

Last month, a cabinet committee on measures to reduce demand for drugs, allocated £14m to anti-drugs projects and to improving conditions on housing estates. Its report warned that there could be up to 8,000 addicts in the greater Dublin region.

Some other initiatives, however, have been criticised as reactive and lacking calculated strategy. For instance, a government referendum on Thursday will, if passed, make the risk that serious offenders could continue to commit crime a legal justification for refusing bail. With a delay until next year in adding an extra 700 prison places this move may simply add



Teacher in battle to end pupils' feuds

Education Correspondent

Fends between gangs of Bangbadeshi youths involved in a series of territorial knifefights have sparked a campaign by a London head teacher for

a full investigation.

Flome Office and Education ministers are to be approached for help by Peter Brooks, former Conservative Party chairman and South Westminster MP, who met the head of one of his local schools to talk about the issue last Friday.

Rivairies between groups of Bangladeshi youths from different areas of London have spilled over into violence, according to Michael Marland, the head of North Westminster Community School.

He says that although only a small number of boys are involved, the problem is growing. The boys' low attainment at school and a lack of facilities for them has created the potential for further trouble, he believes. Fights have broken out be-

tween teenagers from the Brick Lane area, in east London, and Drummond Street, Lisson Green and Harrow Road, north London. Knives and other weapons have been used.

Although Mr Marland says

Rubaryati

discipline is good at his school. where a quarter of the pupils are Bangladeshi, he says there is substantial anecdotal problem of a small but growing crime problem among boys from the community. "We have very good behav-

iour in school but we also want to make sure that the streets of London are safe. The Bangladeshi community have huge strength ... and they are very caring parents, but they need help because of their position in London society," he said.

Mr Marland has raised funding from the Gulbenkian Foundation to employ two part-time Bangladeshi youth workers to interview boys about their attitudes and concerns.

The research is being administered through the Marylebone Bangladeshi Association. Its project co-ordinator, Abdul-Aziz Toki, said: "Teenage boys ... can't always judge what is good and what is wrong."

Alcrosoft

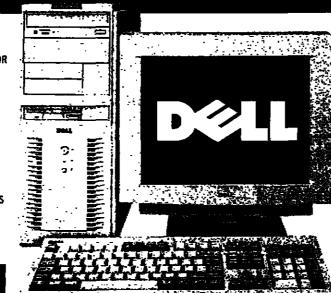
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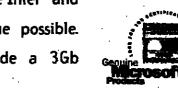
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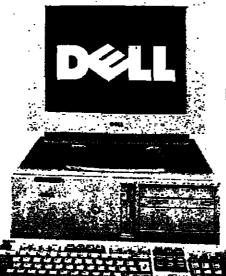
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Archaic blasphemy law faces last judgment

Patricia Wynn Davies Legal Affairs Editor

The fate of the archaic law of blasphemy will be sealed today when European judges decide whether British film censors broke the freedom of expression guarantee by banning the depiction of a nun embracing a crucified Christ.

Blasphemy law is so discredited that the Government has said it would not enforce it. But plhat did not stop it backing the British Board of Film Classification and its director James Ferman all the way to the European Court of Human Rights, after Nigel Wingrove's video Visions of Ecstasy was refused a certificate almost seven years ago to the day.

Apart from quashing the ban on the Wingrove film, a ruling against the Government would lead to the abolition of an old law which excludes Roman Catholics, Methodists, Muslims, Jews or any religion oth-er than Church of England - and does not apply at all in Scotland.

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As high-profile productions like Madonna's Like a Prayer video and Martin Scorsese's The Last Temptation of Christ (not banned) have come and gone, Mr Wingrove has got on with the tortuous business of complaining to the Strasbourg authorities. He - and presumably the board and the Video Appeals Committee to whom he unsuccessfully appealed -never imagined that the future



of the law of blasphemy might turn on the rejection of a 20minute video by a then com-

plete unknown. In it, the deep love of Christ of St Teresa of Avila, the 16th century Carmelite nun, is represented by a series of sensual visions, including scenes where she licks his wounds and embraces him on the Cross.Mr Wingrove said: "It didn't enter my head that it could be blasphemous. I wasn't making a film about Christ. I was making a

judges today on the banning of the video is expected to seal the fate of Britain's archaic law of blasphemy film about St Teresa." He garnered the support of some churchmen, and Fay Weldon, Marina Warner and Salman behalf in the Strasbourg procupation as a distributor of repackaged erotic and horror to recoup the costs of the film and thousands of pounds of le
behalf in the Strasbourg procupation as a distributor of repackaged erotic and horror brought since 1922, and at the height of the controversy over the fatwa on Mr Rushdie over

Rushdie, who appeared on his gal costs led to his current oc- cution of Gay News is the only The Saturic Verses, John Patten,

successful case of blasphemy a then Home Office minister, brought since 1922, and at the told Muslims that blasphemy law was "inappropriate for dealing with matters of faith". But shown themselves willing to deal with such matters - minus the protection of a trial before a jury. The VAC almost never

disagrees.

The ruling comes on the same day as the Lord Chancellor, Lord Mackay of Clashfern, represents Government in a visit to the Strasbourg court. He wants to impress on it the need for member states to be able to manage their own affairs in accord with national character, traditions, religious beliefs and moral standards - the so-called

margin of appreciation". Two years ago the European Commission on Human Rights accepted arguments from Geoffrey Robertson QC, Mr Wingrove's counsel, that the ban on Visions of Ecstasy broke the free expression guarantee in Article 10 of the European Convention on Human Rights. But at about the same time, a majority of the full court ruled in a case involving an Austrian film tion" applied - denying viewers the opportunity to make up

DAILY POEM

Rubaiyat

By Hafez of Shiraz

(translated by Dick Davis)

A black mole graced his face; he stripped, and shone Incomparable in splendour as the moon; He was so slim his heart was visible, As if clear water sluiced a granite stone.

Desire's destroyed by life, what gifts have I, Been given by the blindly turning sky? And, such is my luck, everyone I said "Dear friend" to loathed me by and by.

What does life give me in the end but sorrow? What do love's good and evil send but sorrow? I've only seen one true companion - pain.

And I have known no faithful friend but sorrow.

My friend, hold back your heart from enemies, Stay buttoned up with ignoramuses.

Hafez of Shiraz (1320-1389) is the most famous of Persia's lyric poets. His great fame rests on his ghazals, formal poems of up to 18 lines, which are so highly worked and dense in their language and allusions that they are often considered untranslatable in the West. But he also wrote a small number of rubaiyat, four-line stanzas, of which the above are representative. Dick Davis's translation of the best of Persia's medieval short poetry, Borrowed Ware (Anvil, £8.95), is a wonderful book, suffused with love, beautifully produced, and with a comprehensive introduction to Persian courtly poetry.

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More than half of all new houses will have to be built inside England's villages, towns and cities under new government plans



Country life to be rescued by town cramming

Nicholas Schoon **Environment Correspondent**

More than half of all new homes should be built inside England's villages, towns and cities, the Government will announce today in a long-awaited planning document.

The Government hopes this target will reduce the controversy surrounding the need for a 4.4 million – or 23 per cent – in-crease, between 1991 and 2016, in the number of households in

Some planners and housebuilding firms say that in squeezing so high a proportion of the new homes needed into existing urban areas the Government may create future slums. "Town cramming", they say, will erase much of what urban greenery remains and make towns and cities more crowded

desire to live in the countryside. Planning constraints will make this rural dream attainable for only a tiny, wealthy minority.

But the Secretary of State for the Environment, John Gummer, says the alternative is the disappearance of further great tracts of English countryside. Suburbia from Winchester to the Thames estuary," is his warning phrase.
Today's planning document

will make a strong case for civilised city life - new urban terraced homes with compact gardens on streets rather than the semis and detached houses in space-wasting closes which the big house-building firms prefer. It will call for the maximum housing use of derelict and contaminated urban land, of empty space above shops and in vacant office buildings.

Threatened spaces: Three deer running across a tract of open land near Basingstoke, in Hampshire; (inset) inner-city decay in Southampton Nowhere are the fears about house building greater than in Hampshire, where the number of new homes has doubled in the past 45 years and where the space they cover has more than

doubled.

The Government has said that the county, and Hampshire's smaller district councils. should identify space for 92,000 new homes between 1991 and 2006; this is deemed its fair share of the rapid nation-wide increase in household numbers.

But the county says there is need for only 82,000 new homes. The Government has the ultimate right to force the county to comply with its higher housing figure, and Mr Gum-

mer has already overruled attempts by Kent, Berkshire and Bedfordshire to plan for lower numbers than the Government proposed for them.

Hampshire plans to accommodate most of the new housing inside towns and villages, in line with the Government's new target, but intends 14,000 homes to be built on four large greenfield areas next to Basngstoke, Andover and the commuter sprawl that has grown up north of Southampton and Portsmouth.

These development areas are a more rational, sustainable option than cramming the new housing into the county's villages and towns equally, or

spreading it around their edges, the county is arguing at a public inquiry into the council's structure plan for development over the next 15 years.

However, Eagle Star, the property and insurance giant, wants planning permission for a "newtown" at Micheldever Junction, in the open country-side between Basingstoke and Winchester. The company has options to

buy extensive farmland there and envisages 8,000 homes in a private-sector "market town" with its own railway station on the London to Southampton line. The county opposes this.

Around all four of the big

development areas, country-

suburbs. The largest of these developments would bridge the mile-wide gap between Bas-ingstoke and the pretty dormi-tory village of Oakley, with 4.500 homes. Gary Rolfe, a self-employed

side and village dwellers have

banded to oppose the big new

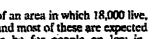
craftsman who leads the Save Oakley Village Action Group (Sovag), said: "It would totally change our village's character, turning it into a suburb." Sovag's car stickers shout: "Say No to

The influential Council for the Protection of Rural England says much more could and should be done to find space for new Homes in cities like Southampton, which are still de- of an area in which 18,000 live. populating, and so encourage developers to come in.

St Mary's and Bevois Valley, a large inner-city tract east of Southampton's centre, has been earmarked by central and local government for a major regen-eration programme. It still has some pretty roads of well-kept private terraced homes, showing its potential.
But it also has the usual ur-

ban core problems; derelict industrialist sites, deprivation, boarded-up shops and a red-light trade, which the local Asian community resents, in the once-fine Victorian streets. Only 200 new homes are pro-

posed as part of the regeneration



Photographs: David Rose

and most of these are expected to be for people on low in-comes and with "special needs". A secure, long-term revival for the area depends on people with jobs and money living there. But, even if homes were to be built for them, they would be unlikely to stay once they had families, because people with children want greenery and space and tend to fear crime and poor standards in local schools.

Robert Jones, the planning minister, said that turning the English into a nation of citylovers was difficult but crucial. "Nobody said it was going to be easy," he said. "but reviving cities are a joy to behold."

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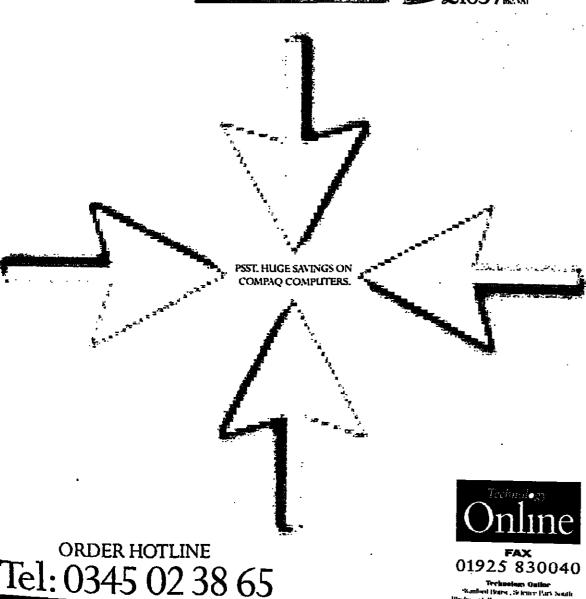


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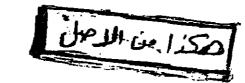
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REVOLUTION!



New party deals left hook to Scargill

His candidate faces by-election rival. standing for Socialist Equality

Labour Editor

Militant Tendency's ultimate

will consider

mad cow disease

therefore subordinated to the

bankrupt trade union bureau-

for those who would merely tin-

ker with the capitalist system rather than smash it by putting

up a candidate against the Scargill man in the Barnsley

Dave Hyland, the 49-year-old

full-time national secretary of

the SEP, said: "We don't con-

sider that the SLP is a socialist

party." In any case Mr Scargill

was defeated in the coal strike

the miners against the Labour

Party and the trade union move-

funded by "the workers and the

youth" and based in Sheffield,

ities about the implications of

proclivities of the businesses

classes or for the suburban

The party wants a 30-hour

an-hour minimum wage; a free

Trotsky lives: guide to the far left parties

WORKERS' REVOLUTIONARY PARTY (Mark I): Trotskvist

WORKERS' REVOLUTIONARY PARTY (Mark II): another Trotskyist splinter group from the old WRP. Publishers of the

MARXIST PARTY: Yet another splinter group from the old

SOCIAL EQUALITY PARTY: Once more a faction of the old

WRP. Formerly known as the International Community Party.

Claims like other groupings to be the true standard bearers

SOCIALIST LABOUR PARTY: Hard-left mixture of Old

Scargill, President of the National Union of Mineworkers.

SOCIALIST WORKERS' PARTY: Trotskyists who famously

REVOLUTIONIST COMMUNIST PARTY: Hardline splinter

Labour and quasi-revolutionaries. Founded by Arthur

refused to take sides in the Korean War. Most other

Trotskyists reluctantly backed the Communist North

WRP. Most prominent members are the Redgraves.

of Leon Trotsky's Fourth International.

Koreans, Leading member Paul Foot.

Workers' Press. Also uses name of Marxists for a New Party.

splinter group from old WRP, publishers of Newsline.

floating voter.

is unencumbered with sensitiv-

The new ultra-left force,

ment, Mr Hyland added.

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East by-election next month.

The SEP is to show its disdain

cracy, the statements says.

If Tony Blair looks down his political nose at Arthur Scargill's Socialist Labour Party, he will need a lengthy proboscis indeed to contemplate another newlyformed force on the left. The Socialist Equality Party, which intends to field up to 20 candidates in the general election, is a touch to the left of the to deliver the demands would

organisation formed by the rely on the "active and militant miners' leader. Indeed, an SEP communiqué sneers at the namby-pamby politics of the Scargill party and of the Trotskyist Militant Labour (a party born out of the

failure to infiltrate the Labour Party. In fact it seems the ICP Party). Such groups constitute an attempt to build on the dishas simply changed its name. credited and reformist convictions of Old Labour and are It will engage the middle class. A workers' inquiry

Party was born out of the mother of all dialectic disputes which tore the Workers' Revolutionary Party asunder some 12 years ago. The split, which led to at least two organisations calling themselves the Workers' Revolutionary Party, has also to do with a row over whether a serious political organisation should receive money from Colonel Gaddafi. Further, there was the matter of the financial activities of its leader Gerry Healy (deceased) and the fact that he had

Mr Hyland believes his group is the true inheritor of the rev olutionary Fourth International established by Trotsky in 1938. But not only will this movement strike a chord with its manifesto for taxation, for the the proletariat, it will also engage the electoral interest of the "pauperised" middle class.

One of the first major gatherings to be organised by the week with no loss of pay: a £6- new party will be a "workers' inquiry" into mad cow disease.

university education for those who want it; a multi-billionpound programme of public works to provide jobs for the unemployed; mass release of all political prisoners in Britain; abortion on demand; the "dismantling" of the standing army, MI5 and MI6 and "a democratic government of the workers for the workers and above all by the workers". An administration

support of a politically aroused and vigilant working class". The party, the membership of which is a secret, has a long and fraught history and is the "culmination of a 10-year struggle by the International Commun

Mr Hyland believes its old name led people to confuse it with the Marxist-Leninist regimes of the old eastern bloc. He argues that the implosion of the Stalinist states was a vindication of the analysis of Leon Trotsky who in 1940 got a Stalinist ice pick in his head for his

enjoyed relationships with the young female comrades of a

non-revolutionary nature. One of the other groups which grew out of this bloody because of his failure to mobilise fratricide eventually became the Marxist Party of which the Redgraves are leading lights.



Glerida Cooper

With newly qualified solicitors now able to earn as much as £45,000, legal experts are predicting "salary warfare" in the battle by companies to attract the best young lawyers.

The US company White & ase has recently raised the pay of its solicitors in the London office to bring it into line with the salaries earned by its American lawyers. Legal recruiters, however, say the move will lead to an exodus of talent from the regions where average salaries are much lower and have condemned White & Case's decision as "aggressive".

The White & Case recruits will be earning £17,000 more than the London average of £28,000, Bernard Nelson, senior partner at White & Case in London denied the pay-rise was made to peach the best people. "The principal reason was to

reduce the disparity we saw be-tween our English solicitors and our US lawyers," he said. "We are a multinational practice but our US lawvers were being paid on the US scale which was significantly higher than the British one. The lawyers were

doing the same work and we felt it wasn't justified." But Anthony Tomkins, founder of the leading legal recruitment company Charles Fellowes Partnership, warned the raise would have a big impact. "You can earn £22,000 in Birmingham if you are a highflyer," he said. "Then you see your chum in London who can get over double that. There has been an acute shortage of good quality lawyers this year. White & Case has taken a very ag-

gressive stance. "The increase in prestige and growth of firms outside London means that companies long-term it will have an effect."
Terence Kyle, managing part-

with London-based firms. But which recruits 120 solicitors other hand, such a large prepaying their solicitors half the London salary is something that cannot be sustained. In the is a trade-off. The reality is that White & Case are having to ofner of Linklaters and Paine, the fer an incentive to get the good



outside the capital now compete Highly rated: UK City lawyers Photograph: Edward Sykes

mium over the normal means it is something we will have to give hard thought to," he said.

Melvyn Hughes, executive partner of Slaughter and May. another large City law firm. agreed: "If other American law firms also start recruiting at this level, the City firms may well feel that they have to respond."

But Richard Fleck, responsible for international business at Herbert Smith, one of the main City law firms, said he would be "very surprised" if the big companies followed White & Case's lead. He also warned that new solicitors could find themselves under increasingly harsh pressures of work because of

their huge premiums.
But David McNeill, of the Law Society, was anxious to dispel the notion that all solicitors were being given huge pay that solicitors make a great & Case solicitor.

deal of money. Those who do are in a relatively small number of firms. For a newly qualified solicitor, the average across the country is between £19,000

"But I think it's an inevitable consequence. At the end of the day, all law firms are business-oriented and you have bring the money in. From the media coverage you might think legal aid solicitors are coining it. In reality, a newly qualified solicitor in a legal aid firm will be lucky to make more than

£20,000 for a 55-hour week." No doubt this news will be a great consolation to the junior hospital doctor earning just £14,880, the schoolteacher on £13,866, and the young police constable notching up £14,916. Even MPs, having negotiated themselves a 26 per cent pay rise match - on basic pay - a White

Seen a psychiastrist? Don't tell your boss

More than one-third of people with mental health problems have lost their jobs because of harassment and abuse, a survey

Nearly 800 people were ques-tioned by the mental health charity Mind on its 50th birthday and revealed that mental illhealth remains "the most enduring health taboo", with those living in the community facing continuing discrimination. In one case, a sufferer re-

and Stones, 34 per cent said that they were forced to resign their iobs or had been dismissed, with the some of the worst cases of unfair discrimination in nursing and social work.

One in five of the people who felt they had been unfairly dismissed from their jobs were nurses, other NHS employees or from other caring professions. Other occupations from which people said they had been unfairly sacked included library assistant, secretarial

In the report Not Just Sticks for fear of unfair treatment term spent in prison. I was acand, unsurprisingly, the majority had concealed their psychiatric history for fear of losing their job. "I had a cleaning job for three years, but when I mentioned that I had an appointment with a psychiatrist I received a letter the next week to say my services were no longer required," said a woman

who had been diagnosed with

A 30-year-old man with obsessive compulsive disorder said: "On two occasions I lied

agoraphobia.

listed for the second. Whenever I have been truthful about my psychiatric past I have never been accepted for a job."

Life for the mentally ill is equally traumatic at home: nearly half of those surveyed had been abused or harassed in public with 14 per cent physically attacked. A quarter felt at risk of attack within their own home. Several people said they had had windows broken or stones thrown at them.

Both children and adults

revealed by this report is staggering," said Judi Clements, Mind's national director. "It confirms our worst fears that mental ill-health is most en-

"The level if discrimination enced health problems. Despite the fact that one in four people in the UK will have a mental health problem this year, this report uncovers how ingrained, entrenched and deduring health taboo, but yet one bilitating attitudes towards of the most commonly experi- mental ill-health still are."



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Rickets, TB and poor nutrition: Dickensian diseases return to haunt today's Britain

Health visitors report child mainutrition, fuel cut-offs and the return of TB

Susan Emmett

Lighting the cooker and leaving the oven door open is the only way that Tracy McCormack can afford to hear the front room of her house in north-west London. The bedrooms are cold and damp, the doors have been taken away because of damage by wood lice and her two-year old is recovering from pneumonia.

Ms McCormack, 25, a mother of two, is one of the many whose living conditions match those of the 19th century, according to a national survey by the Health Visitors Association.

The new study - which fol-lows the revelation in the *In*dependent on Sunday yesterday of government figures showing that one in three British babies is born into poverty - was compiled by 500 health visitors and found widespread child malnutrition, poor living condi-tions and a high number of people struggling with fuel debt and service disconnections.

It paints a bleak picture of families living in overcrowded housing. Nearly three-quarters of health visitors care for families in these conditions and 48 per cent have caseloads including families who have to share kitchens and bathrooms.

The health implications of this hardship read like a passage from Dickens. Nearly one-third of health visitors found tuberculosis among their clients last year. According to the chairman of the British Lung Foundation, Dr John Moore-Gillon, the disease is concentrated in poor areas and has been on the increase since 1988. "Tuberculosis has never gone away. But we are witnessing an increase whereas we expected to see a continuing decrease," he said.

Two-thirds of health visitors encountered iron deficiency among the families they cared for, 93 per cent had to deal with cases of gastroenteritis and 4 per cent reported cases of rickets. The findings also show a high number of households is her greatest worry. Coal at £4 cause itstarts off as a cold and

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just gets worse and worse."
Despite her child's continuing having their gas, electricity, a bag is too expensive for her telephone and water cut off. The to consider lighting the fire majority of these households in- and she cannot afford to run an illness, Brent council says it can not afford to install central electric heater all the time. Living on less than £80 a Her children wear several layheating in Ms McCormack's

home this financial year, al-

though the situation will be re-

Cormack can hardly afford her bills. She only spends £16 a week on food; essential items such as the child to hospital in an amviewed next April.

Jackie Carnell, director of the Health Visitors' Association, bulance a year ago, she has regularly revisited the doctors and is concerned that social condionly recently finished another tions in Britain are returning to those of the last century. "It is "Pneumonia is a serious a tragedy that as we now apthing," Ms McCormack said. proach the end of the 20th absent unemployed husband.

He left on their fifth wedding affect her later on in life. She century, the many improvements in health and welfare are was so dehydrated they couldn't being undermined by the effects even get a needle into her of desperate poverty on a naveins. I don't think my cold

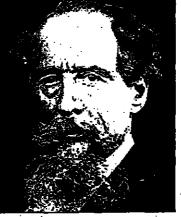
Leading article, page 13 Polly Toynbee, page 15



Bleak House 1996: The ghosts of poverty past

It is a black, dilapidated street avoided by all decent people; where the crazy houses were seized upon, when their decay was far advanced, by some bold vagrants, who after establishing their own possession, took to letting them out in lodgings. Now, these tumbling tenements contain, by night, a swarm of misery. As, on the ruined human wretch, vermin parasites appear, so, these ruined shelters have bred a crowd of foul existence that crawls in and out of gaps in walls and boards; and coils itself to sleep, in maggot numbers, where the rain drips in; and comes and goes, fetching and carrying fever... Charles Dickens in Bleak House:

published in 1853



It is a chilly, dank room even with the tiniest flicker of heat that can be afforded - a flame from the oven. But that is still better than the rest of the flat, which gets no heat. It lacks suitably thick walls and even doors to insulate from the winter wind. The children catch colds. The colds turn into pneumonia. £4 for a bag of coal for a fire is too expensive and an electric heater is likewise beyond her means. The local council can't afford to install cental heating this year, so she will wait until it can reconsider her case in April. Maybe by then her two-year-old vill be over the pneumonia that has kept her under care for the last year. Life for Tracey McCormack in Harlesden, London, 1996

Why exercising on a bike isn't half as good as this.

week from benefits, Ms Mc- ers of clothes, but that did not

course of antibiotics.

house helped her condition be-

nappies are carefully rationed.

Unless she can find £70

overnight, her phone, which takes only incoming calls, will be cut off and she will not be

able to communicate with her

anniversary after several rows

But keeping her children

warm and the electricity bill low

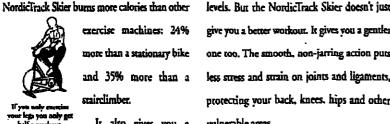
over money.

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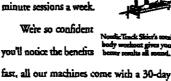
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Talks aim to break Cyprus deadlock

Tony Barber Europe Editor

Greek and Turkish Cypriot leaders are expected to begin direct talks next spring on a settlement of the Cyprus problem, one of the oldest and most intractable disputes in the world.

The negoriations will include an important mediating role for the British and US governments, which believe that the world must give a much higher priority to solving the Cyprus problem than it has done in the 22 years since Turkey's armed forces invaded and partitioned the island in 1974.

The talks will result in the first face-to-face meeting since 1994 between President Glafcos Clerides, representing the Greek Cypriots, and Rauf Denktash, the Turkish Cypriot leader. However, neither the Greek Cypriots, who run the internationally recognised government of Cyprus, nor their Turkish adversaries, who control a self-proclaimed state in the northern third of the island, are holding out great hopes for the talks.



Rauf Denktash: To meet his Greek Cypriot counterpart

Previous peace efforts, mainly under United Nations sponsorship, have aimed at rebuilding Cyprus as a "bizonal, bicommunal federation" in which the Greek and Turkish communities would enjoy civil rights and broad powers of self-government. However, the Turkish Cypriots — backed by Turkey, which maintains 30,000 troops in the north — have insisted for many years that their region, the so-called Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus, should enjoy

Impatient Greek Cypriot officials say that, if next year's negotiations make no progress,
they will transform the diplomatic picture by demanding
that their part of Cyprus enter
the European Union while the
Turkish-ruled north is in effect
kept out. According to this scenario, the north would not have
access to the EU's single market, its aid programmes or othcr benefits until the Turkish
Cypriots accepted the principle
that Cyprus must be reunited as
a single, decentralised state.
The EU is committed to

starting membership talks with Ciprus six mouths after the end of the current Inter-Governmental Conference (IGC) on revising the Maastricht treaty. The IGC is likely to end in the middle of 1997, meaning that the EU and Cyprus should start the accession talks in early 1998.

The EU is reluctant to admit

The EU is refuctant to admit Cypins as a member without a settlement of the island's fundamental constitutional and territorial problems. However, some EU officials say that, if Mr. Denktash refuses to scale down his insistence on Turkish Cypiot sovereignty, then the EU may ultimately have no choice but to bring in the Greek-controlled south on its own.

south on its own.

The imminence of the EU membership talks has been a major factor behind the British and US drive to achieve a Cyprus settlement next year. The Foreign Secretary, Malcolm Rifkind, plans to go to Cyprus next month, the first such British visit for more than 30 years.

Britain's special representative for Cyprus, Sir David Hannay, has spent much time in Nicosia recently preparing the ground for direct negotiations. He describes the existing situation as "inherently unstable and incompatible with a solution".

Cyprus has gradually turned into one of the most highly militarised places in the world, with both sides building up forces in a reflection of wider rivalness between Greece and Turkey. Only yesterday, Greece's Defence Minister, Akis Tsohatzopoulos, was in Nicosia, promising Greek Cypriots that, under a 1993 pact, Greece would send fighter jets in response to any future Turkish offensive.

Tensions on the island rose last summer to a peak, when clashes broke out along the UN buffer zone dividing the two sectors. Three Greek Cypriots and one Turkish Cypriot have been killed since August.

Even if neither side is optimistic about the prospects for the talks, there is a sense that the involvement of the US could make a difference. Two weeks before his re-election, President Bill Clinton said he would feel a "personal humiliation" if the Cyprus problem remained unsolved during his second term.

The Clinton administration was about to launch a Cyprus initiative at the end of last year, and had earmarked Richard Holbrooke, the architect of the Dayton settlement for Bosnia, as the man for the job. However, the initiative was thwarted by fresh tensions between Greece and Turkey and by political deadlock in Ankara following Turkey's inconclusive general elections last December.

Mr Clinton's National Security Adviser, Anthony Lake, described the problem last mouth as "one of the world's top 10 outrages".



Face of a nation: A refugee crossing the border into Rwanda at the weekend. International support for a militar

Zaire military option ruled out

Imre Karacs Bonn

Western military officials failed to agree yesterday on intervention in eastern Zaire, and their estimate of the number of refugees signalled a rapidly waring interest in the crisis.

After a three-day meeting in Stuttgart, representatives of 29 countries and six humanitarian groups said they had discarded the option of a full-scale military operation, which would have been based in eastern Zaire or on the other side of the Rwandan border.

Participants appeared to accept US estimates of the number of refugees trapped in Zaire. The US, refuciant to launch a big military operation, has counted 250,000 refugees still in Zaire, while humanitarian organisations continue to cite figures up to 700,000.

cite ngures up to /00,000.

The meeting endorsed a lower level of involvement, ranging from "assistance" in the distribution of old to "increased level.

el of protection and security" for humanitarian relief.

Lieutenant-General Maurice
Baril, from Canada, designated
to lead any multinational force
to help refugees, said the decision to participate in such operations was left to individual
governments. "The objectives of
such a force would be strictly humanitarian. The force would be
politically and militarily neu-

iral, "Gen Baril said."
He did not give details of possible forces, including contributions from nations attending the meeting, and said individual governments must now review the mission options.

The talks had dragged on through the weekend as officials tried to agree on the number of refugees as well as the merits and scope of any possible mission.

Support for a planned task force in eastern Zaire has cooled with the return of hundreds of thousands of refugees to Rwanda and the US decision not to commit combat troops.



(Sam-Spin weekdays, gain-1pm Saturdays). PLEASE QUOTE REFERENCE ABOVE

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Entering Nablus, the largest Palestinian city in the West Bank, is not easy. The only way to avoid an hour's delay at the Israeli checkpoint on its out-skirts is to turn off the road from Jerusalem and drive for over a mile through muddy, newly ploughed fields. At one point, passengers have to get out and ford a stream.

Cantonisation, the sealing of every Palestinian town from its neighbours, has arrived as a permanent policy. Husam Qadr, a member of the Palesinian Legislative Council from Nablus, says the soldiers at the checkpoints - often just a few men with a Jeep - blocking the three main roads into the city, have "a black book against which they check names. Only one car is let through every five

Khalil Shikaki, a Palestinian political scientist, in his office in he centre of Nablus agrees the city is being strangled, in part as punishment for its role in the fighting in September in which six Israeli soldiers were killed. He believes the only Palestinian response to the isolation of their cities, which "is killing social, political and economic life,

is massive, non-violent protest". Nablus, East Jerusalem and Gaza, the three main Palestinian cities, are all now isolated from each other. Zachariah Mari'er, whose family own a restaurant near the old Kasbah in Nablus, says: "I have not been in Jerusalem for four years although it is only an hour's drive away." He stretches out his arms to illustrate the gap be-tween what people in Nabius expected when Israeli troops withdrew last December and

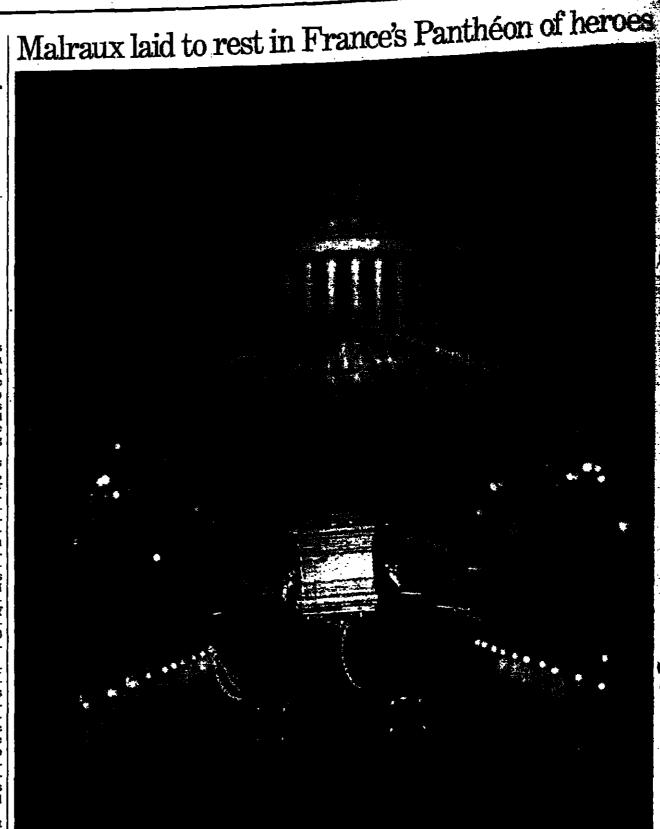
what has actually happened. Unlike most businesses in the city, the Mari'er family's restaurant seems to be doing well, but ney. Dr Shikaki says Palestini-Zachariah Mari'er said there and have no alternative but "to was no new investment in move to confrontation".

Nablus. "Two of my brothers own shops and restaurants in Tampa and St Petersburg, in Florida," he said. "Earlier in the year, they came back here to start a business, but there was a 12-day closure. They said forget it and went back to the US." He said he was planning to join them.

In theory, fixed checkpoints are banned by the Oslo accords, but Dr Shikaki of the Centre for Palestinian Research and Studies believes that Benjamin Netanyahu, the Israeli prime minister, does not want to implement them. Under the interim agreement signed by the last Israeli government last year, autonomous cities and towns under Palestinian control would expand to include their hinterland of villages. The number of Palestinians outside Israeli control would jump from 300,000 to over one million. Cantonisation would not be feasible.

Dr Shikaki argues that Mr Netanyahu, by insisting that Israel has the right to send troops back into Hebron, is not looksue allowing him to freeze the Oslo process. He knows that the Palestinians will never agree to this because it legitimises reoccupation." But if the implementation of the peace accords is frozen, cities like Nablus will remain isolated ghettoes. In contrast with last year at

the time of the Israeli withdrawal, there is an atmosphere of palpable hatred in Nablus. "Everybody here was pleased when the Israeli soldiers were killed in September," said Mr Mari'er. Mr Qadr says that last week Anwar al-Masri, a 22-yearold man hit in the face by a bullet during the fighting, was to be moved by ambulance to hospital in Jordan for an operation. Stopped at a checkpoint leav-ing Nablus it took him 12 hours instead of 3 to make the jour-



Mary Dejevsky

The mortal remains of André Malraux, France's first minister of culture and polymath extraordinaire, were transferred to the Panthéon in Paris on Saturday night with all the quasi-religious solemnity an avowedly secular state can muster.

Borne by six members of the Republi can Guard, from a plinth guarded by four Egyptian stone cats - Malraux's love of cats was legendary - his coffin was laid in the centre of the cold, stone building to await burial tomorrow alongside such French tu-

tance leader, Jean Moulin. Pupils from one of the many schools named after Malraux carried large photographs depicting his life and work, which they placed on the ground in shafts of red, white and blue light.

Malraux, who combined in one lifetime the roles of revolutionary, writer, resistance fighter, politician, orator and cultural sador, became the 72nd "great man"

of France to rest in the Panthe In early summer Jacques Chirac announced Malraux would be elevated to the Panthéon, unleashing a crescendo of publicity that by last week dominated hoard-

ings, bookshops and every branch of the French media. In the flood of eulogies, very few ventured even a whisper of criticism. But some claimed he had been blind to the cruel reality of Chinese Communism and that his "élitism" as De Gaulle's culture minister had fostered a pernicious di-

vide between "high" and "low" culture in France. But in his tribute, modelled on Malraux's oration to Jean Moulin 22 years ago, President Chirac said Malraux's "eclectic tastes" knew "no hierarchy". And of his politics, he said Malraux "embodied Gaullism ... as De Gaulle wanted it to be, not of the right, not of the left, but of France'.

France tries to dampen Italy's boom

Andrew Gumbel Rome

Italy's attempt to have the lira readmitted to the European Monetary System, a keŷ requirement on the road to a sintransalpine arm-wrestling match at the weekend as Brussels struggled to reach agreement on the rate at which the

currency should be exchanged. At the heart of the dispute were the conflicting trade interests of Italy and its neigh-bours, especially France which has repeatedly complained about cheap Italian imports The European monetary effort yesterday and were flooding its markets and taking committee spent nine hours in session in mid-evening.

the edge off its international competitiveness.

Italy entered the negotiations on Saturday confident of obtaining a central exchange rate of 1,000-1,050 lire to the German mark, roughly the levgle currency, turned into a el at which its currency now trades on the open market. France, bowever, pushed for the stronger central rate of 950 to the mark, the idea being not only to blunt the attractiveness of Italian exports but also to force the Rome government to work harder to maintain the confidence of international fi-

nancial markets.



on Saturday trying, and failing, to bridge the difference in the two negotiating positions. EU finance ministers resumed the effort yesterday and were still

of the European Monetary System in the late 1970s, but crashed out in 1992, at the same time as sterling, under a wave of speculative pressure triggered by the collapse of the country's post-war political system and the calamitous state of its public finances.

Rejoining has been an ambition of Italian governments ever since, especially in the last two years as the deadline for a single European currency has loomed closer. Under the Maastricht treaty, countries need to be part of the EMS, and adhere to its exchange rate bands, for at least two years if

they want to participate in the single currency. Since the first into the EMS has made its Italy was a founder member they want to participate in the deadline for the single currency is 1 January 1999, Italy needs to get in by the end of this year to avoid being relegated to the second division.

The push to rejoin the EMS is part of a concerted strategy qualify for the single currency in the first batch. A super-ans terity budget now going through last-ditch attempt to rem in Italy's budget deficit to the sat-isfaction of the Masstricht criteria; last month the Bank of Italy cut interest rates to help comply with yet another condition of Maastricht.

negotiating position in Brussels relatively weak but Romano Prodi's centre-left government also knows it has to take care not to let the lira be pitched too high for fear of crashing out

again before 1999. A weak lira over the past four years has led to booming exports, provoking loud complaints from France whose car and textile sectors have suffered particularly badly. Italy's leading car manufacturer, Fiat, as well as many of its clothing factories, are situated just over the border from France in the Piedmont region.

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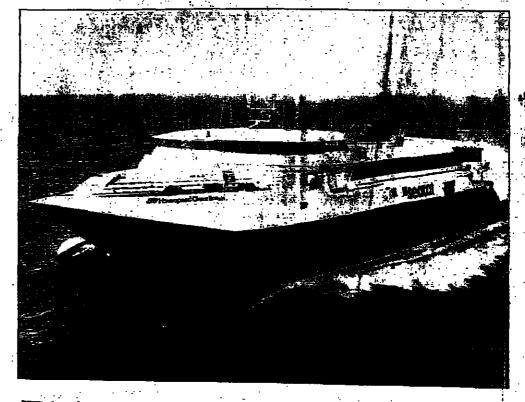
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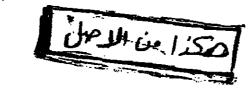
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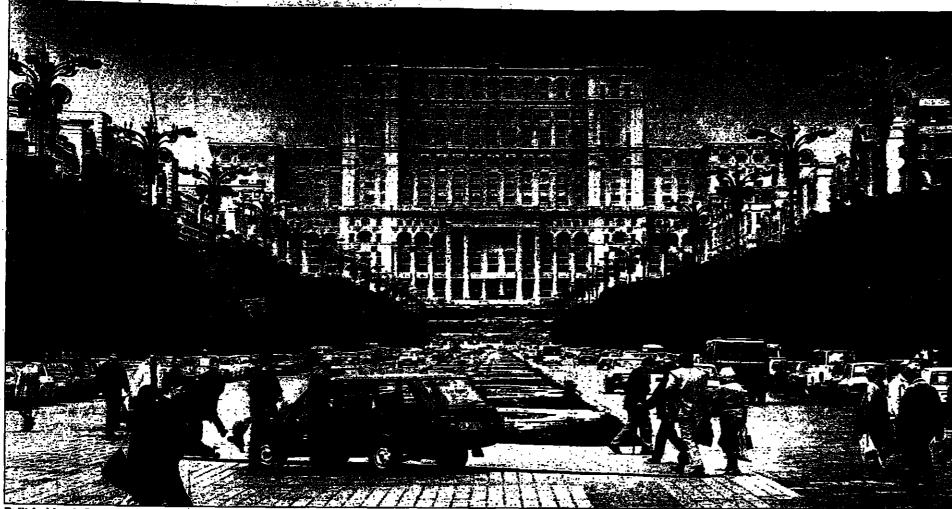
lanning a trip to lect any tokens. From as To add to our offer, we have france but having early as Friday this week, you also arranged another special trouble getting there? can travel with Hoverspeed deal. You can take a day trip Look no further, The Independent is offering readers the chance to take a day trip to France as a footpassenger and travel completely free, you don't even have to col-

from Dover to Calais of Boulogne. The Channel crossings are aboard either Hovercraft or SeaCat, both of which offer duty-free

also arranged another special deal. You can take a day trip to France with a car and up to five people for just £5 (£10 supplement on Saturdays). So if you fancy stocking upin time for Christmas, then here's your chance to do so.



Democrats in a shrine to evil



Adrian Bridge Central Europe Correspondent

Romania's newly elected anticommunist rulers are confronted with an embarrassing paradox: they are exercising power in a building which is a monument to the country's former hardline Communist dictator Nicolae Ceausescu.

The "House of the People" is an eyesore on the Bucharest skyline whose construction in the 1980s involved the demolition of more than one-fifth of the old city centre and resulted in the deaths of hundreds of

forced labourers. The decision to move the lower house of parliament into the 3,000-room white marble palace was taken by the former

New rulers are embarrassed about using Ceausescu's monstrosity

overthrow in 1989 until their de pyramid; a vast structure built feat in elections earlier this at great expense but with no

month. But now the centre-right victors in the elections, who have the "House of the People" was promised to crack down on to be the crowning glory at the privilege, find themselves stuck end of a four-kilometre Victory kitsch monstrosity representing the ultimate symbol of Ceaus-escu's delusions of grandeur.

"We were always totally op-posed to moving into this palace and even now want to explore the possibilities of moving back to our old premises or elsewhere," said Ion Diaconescu, a senior figure in the new coaliIn the original conception,

in a building which for many of Socialism Boulevard meant Romanians is nothing but a to epitomise the success of Ceanseson-style Communism Nicolae and his equally megalomaniac wife, Elena, were to rule supreme from the palace,

which was also to house the

Communist Party Central Com-

mittee, government, parliament and the Council of Ministers. At the time of the Ceauses cus' overthrow and execution in palace was taken by the former tion, after Friday's mangural sit. December 1989, most of the ex-Communist heirs of Ceausescu, ting in the palace. "This ternal work on the palace, the who ruled the country from his building is like an Egyptian second largest administrative

building in the world after the Pentagon, had been completed. But although initially some wanted to tear it down in disgust, the consensus was that the project had reached the point

of no return. Early ideas for possible uses for the palace included turning it into a multi-purpose complex with commercial enterprises such as hanks and a stock exchange, halls for international conferences and even the world's largest casino.

But when MPs discovered that the old building housing the lower house of parliament was in need of extensive renovation. they decided in 1993 to initiate the move to the House of the

"Love it or hate it, we had to do something with the palace," said Gheorghe Stan, then the deputy secretary general of the lower house. "And what could be more appropriate than having it serve as the home to the

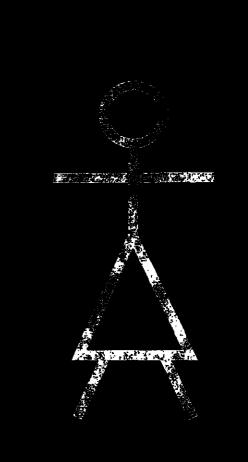
country's democratically elect-

ed parliament?"
Opinions on that vary. For many Romanians, steeped in poverty, the £20m spent on adapting some one third of the palace's 710,000 square feet and equipping it with thou-sands of pounds worth of silverware, crystal and leather furnishings is nothing short of an outrage. "Luxury that defies common sense," the Romania Libera stormed last week.

Photograph: Richard Wayman

well spent. "This is a beautiful building reflecting the great talents of the Romanian peoole," said Margareta Popescu, a woman walking her dog in the public park in front of the palace. "I am proud that in my youth such a building was constructed. People suffered, but look at what they created."

For those whose homes were in the path of the bulldozers, there is a different perspective. "I feel bitter every time I see this palace," said Alexandra Nikita, a medical student who was among the 150,000 Romanians forced to move for the project. "What we had before was so beautiful; what we have now is so ugly. And in a strange way, parliament has realised Ceausescu's dream. When I heard they were going to move into Some believe the money is this building, I shuddered."



Belarus poll paves way to dictatorship

Helen Womack Moscow

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> politicians of Belarus, Alexan-der Lukashenko, the hardline president of the republic, went Mr Yeltsin and the then leadahead on his own terms yesterday with a constitutional referendum which his opponents in parliament say will hand him

the powers of a dictator. Kremlin diplomacy with the Chechens over the weekend was more successful, although President Boris Yeltsin's Communist and nationalist critics denounced his decision to withdraw Russian troops from the Caucasian region as a sell-out to the separatists.

The Communist leader, Gennady Zyuganov, went so far as to call for a vote of no-confi-

Saturday's co-operation deal with the Chechens, which he Despite Moscow's attempts to mediate between the warring Federation. This is Belovezh Mark 2," he said, referring to the Belarussian town where ers of Ukraine and Belarus met in 1991 to disband the So-

viet Union. Since then, former Soviet republics have had mixed success in achieving market reform and developing democracy. Un-der Mr Lukashenko, Belarus, which is lagging economically, has also started to give the world cause for concern over its respect for human rights.
The Belarus President - com-

dence in the government over tempt to increase his power at only with the use of tanks.



Making hay: A farmer in Volkovichi, 50km from Minsk. The Belarus economy lags behind other states Photograph: AP

the expense of parliament and extend his term by two years. pared by opponents with Adolf The crisis is reminiscent of Oc-Hitler, a dictator who rose to tober 1993, when President power via the ballot box - is Yeltsin was locked in conflict power via the ballot box – is Yeltsin was locked in conflict using the referendum in an at- with parliament and resolved it

The Kremlin is this time very anxious to avoid violence. On Friday, Russian Prime Minister Viktor Chernomyrdin, reflecting Moscow's concern lest its immediate neighbour to the west should become unstable,

promise deal between Mr Lukashenko and the Belarus parliament whereby the referendum would be used to gauge monster", has a particular inpublic opinion but not necessarily produce constitutional changes. But the deal broke Russia and Poland, still retains down on Saturday and voting proceeded yesterday on Mr Lukashenko's terms. Mr Chernomyrdin, express-

ing "deep regret" at the collarse of the compromise, blamed Belarus deputies for failing to ratify it, but added that Mr Lukashenko had not tried hard enough. "The executive branch of power in Belarus failed to show the insistence and endurance needed to bring the agree-ments into effect," he said.

world can only watch now to see Belarus vote - the result is mya and economic co-operation.

spent hours brokering a com- expected today - and how Mr Lukashenko acts on their verdict. Nato, which the Belarus leader once called a "dreadful terest in developments because the republic, wedged between some Soviet-era nuclear missiles, although they are due to be transferred to Russia for dis-

mantling next week. Although it was a distant dream in August, when the city of Grozny witnessed a fullscale war, barmony does seem to have been achieved between Moscow and the Chechens. The agreement signed by Mr Chernomyrdin and the head of the Chechen rebel government, Aslan Maskhadov, in a Moscow Moscow and the rest of the hotel on Saturday provides for the withdrawal of the last two how the 10 million people of Russian brigades from Chech-



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November - 8 December, then don't miss our special priority booking number which will be printed in Thursday's paper. Hoverspeed will take free bookings for those travelling as footpassen-gers, and credit card bookings for those travelling by car. For travcl before 8 December, booking forms must be presented at Hovcrspeed's reception on collection of tickets on the date of travel. This is for validation of your day trip. However, booking forms do not need to be completed.

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Clinton agrees to visit China

Richard Lloyd Parry Teresa Poole

Presidents Jiang Zemin and Bill Clinton agreed yesterday to visit one another's countries in what will be the first state visits by Chinese and American leaders since the Tiananmen Square massacre seven years ago.

The exchange, agreed at a bilateral meeting during the Asia Pacific Economic Co-operation (Apec) forum in Manila, marks the latest stage in efforts to improve Sino-American relations, which have been chilly over the past three years. The two governments have squabbled regularly over human rights and trade issues, and last year the US mobilised a fleet of battleships as China conducted missile tests in the run-up to the Taiwanese presidential elec-

The two presidents are scheduled to visit one another in 1997 and 1998, although no details of the state visits have been confirmed, and important differences still divide the two sides. On two of the touchiest issues - China's admission to the World Trade Organisation (WTO) and its human rights record - no substantial

progress was made yesterday. Washington continues to block Peking's entry into the

Leaders swap their calling cards but make no progress on human rights

WTO, and insists that it must liberalise its markets before being granted membership. The state visits could still be jeopardised by human rights issues, particularly China's handling of Hong Kong after the hand-over on 1 July. A Clinton aide said on the subject of human rights: This is not a matter on which the United States has a smiling relationship with the Chinese side. It is a matter we take seriously and pursue seriously." Nonetheless, yesterday's an-

nouncement appears to con-firm a new resolve on the part of the Clinton administration to focus on Asian policy during the president's second term. Both Mr Clinton and his retiring Secretary of State, Warren Christopher, have recently emphasised the importance of regional stability and the need to engage rather than contain China. For Jiang Zemin, the promise

of official summits with Mr Clinton has been a long-awaited prize. The Chinese president has for more than a year been sation and human rights.

Speed: 0.6mph Heart Fate 99 per min

angling for reciprocal state visits with Washington, knowing that it will promote his image as a world leader and consolidate his position at home before next autumn's full Communist Party Congress. That gathering is supposed to confirm Mr Jiang as heir to Deng Xiaoping, the ailing 92-year-old patriarch.

The Chinese President is already scheduled to make a state visit to Moscow in April, and will then take centre stage during the festivities surrounding the return of Hong Kong to the mainland. Ideally, say analysts, Mr Jiang would like to keep up his statesman-like progress by welcoming Mr Cim-ton to Peking before the party congress. The Chinese side may push hard to be the first host in the exchange of state visits, with the official media set to relish the propaganda value of a US president beating a path to Peking. Mr Jiang's reciprocal visit to Washington would be

From the US's point of view. there is little incentive to hurry. Washington has given Peking what it wanted, dropping the stick in favour of the carrot. But the Clinton administration is likely to put off fixing any firm dates until China has offered commitments on those issues that preoccupy the US most, which include arms proliferation as well as market liberali-

harder to stage-manage.



The US may now have decided to address human rights issues in a less high profile manner, but American do-mestic opinion dictates that the subject does not disappear altogether. Thus, in the more

a human rights dialogue and tackle the perennial question of prison-labour exports.

Mr Jiang will nevertheless leave Manila buoyed by the belief that America is now in step altogether. Thus, in the more conciliatory atmosphere, Washington will still want to reopen with China's approach to their bilateral relationship. The Americans, and others, feel the

stakes are rather higher. Lee na, the world must live with Kuan Yew, Singapore's elder statesman, yesterday said it was in everyone's interests for China's energies to be absorbed "constructively for an-other 50 to 100 years" through international co-operation. "If such a route is not open to Chi-

a pushy China," he warned. The economic goals of the Apec forum, an annual gathering of 18 leaders from North and South America and Asia, have been largely overshadowed by such concerns, al-

though progress in defusing the

region's other tensions has been symbolic at best. A meeting between Mr Clinton and the South Korean president, Kim Young Sam, achieved little in calming anxieties about North Korea which threaten to wreck the peninsula's fragile

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French boy killed by Zaire envoy.

12-year-old was seriously injured when they were hit by a car driven by Zaire's ambassador to France.

Ambassador Ramazani Baya was driving a hired car along the seafront in Menton on the French Riviera when it swerved off the road and

Menton to visithis country's president, Mobutu Sese seko, who is convalescing in the Riviera after cancer

Surgery in August. Police said they gave the mbassador a breathalyser test, which had proved negative. Menton – Reuter

Five die in car bombing

A car bomb killed five people and wounded 15 in the Algerian garrison town of Blida near Algiers, security forces said.

elephone from Blida, said the bomb went off outside a hotel where police officers usually stay. *Paris – Reuter*

A boy of 13 was killed and a

hit them. The 12-year-old was in a coma in hospital in Nice Mr Baya had travelled to

The blast came four days

before Algerians vote on changing the country's constitution. Residents, speaking by

Miss World



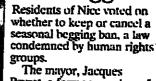
One day after being crowned Miss World amid protests uty pageant, Irene Kliva of Greece, above, posed for photographers but dodged questions about the controversy.

When asked about the protests by groups saying beauty pageants demean women, Julia Morley, the organiser, took over the microphones, saying: "Skliva does not wish to discuss this but will answer anything positive about India." Bangalore – AP

Klaus wins

The Czech Republic's ruling centre-right coalition cruised to victory in elections to the country's new upper house, the Senate. The coalition of Vaclav Klaus, Prime Minister, won 52 of the 81 Senate seats. Adrian Bridge

Nice votes on buttons her lip law that bans beggars



Peyrat, a former member of the far-right National Front, asked Nice's 230,000 citizens to endorse the prohibition, saying it was needed to stop beggars from hassling holiday-makers in the city.

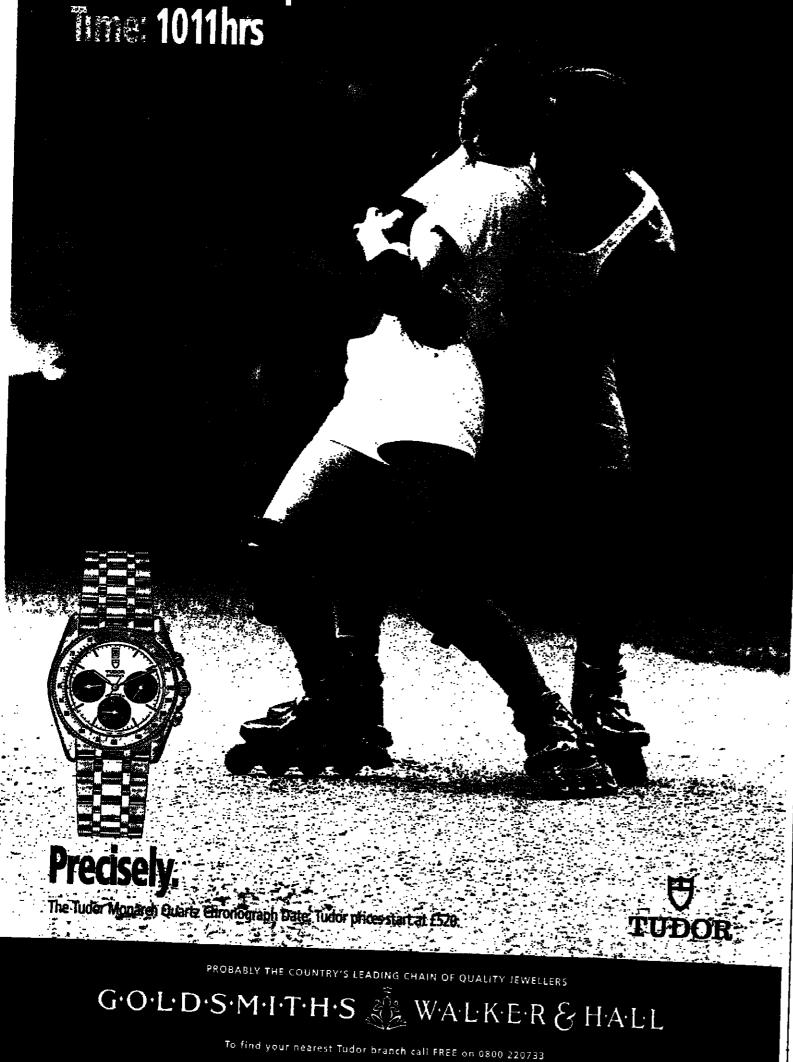
Israel listens to a new song An Israeli government

committee meets today to consider updating the national anthem to include the word "Israel" and a

mention of the flag. Poets and songwriters, however, dismissed the

proposed changes with scorn. Hatikva" - The Hope was written in 1882, 66 years before the establishment of the state of Israel. The proposal to update the

anthem came from Jacques Deckel, a retired diplomat, who suggested the addition of two stanzas, including "In 1948 the state of Israel was established/ To revive our ancient glory," and "Blue and white is our flag, as a prayer shawl/ Our capital is Jerusalem." Jerusalem - AP





A rich nation should budget for the poor

damp house. Children suffer from malnutrition and rickets, parents from tuberculosis. None of this is surprising, because their families can't afford to heat their homes.

It could be Dickensian London. Instead, such cases are appearing on the books of family health workers in Britain at the end of the 20th century. Our special report on page 8 shows that people are suffering from avoidable illnesses - diseases we thought had been almost wiped out a few decades ago - because of the grim conditions in which they live.

Current levels of poverty and illhealth may still seem tame compared with Victorian Britain, or even the early post-war years. Nevertheless, we should be shocked and outraged at the deprivation, particularly for children, that persists. It isn't good enough. In a rich and civilised nation such as ours, we can and should do much, much better.

For most of us, it is easier to shrug our shoulders and turn the page. It's terrible, we nod, but what can one do? The myth of the unfortunate underclass has taken deep root. Many dismiss them as feckless - too lazy to work, too foolish to manage their budgets, or their fertility, churning out babies with-

out the wherewithal to support them. Even those who realise that this car-

Lib Dems

must seize

their chance

Sir: I hope Paddy Ashdown and his

leadership colleagues give short

shrift to the letter from Elizabeth

simply not keeping their eyes on

Liberal Democrat aims at,

a) to ensure that new Labour and Liberal Democrats, together but as separate entities, win the next election with the strength to

hold their combined majority

through an entire parliament -

Tories out for at least long enough

to repair the worst damage they

have inflicted on this nation; and b) recognising that new Labour

will be the stronger part of that majority, to achieve a position of

influence on the new government

by agreeing now upon a minimum

programme of priority policies principally reform of Parliament

and of the electoral process.

present are

Lynne MP and her friends "Liberals revolt over coalition fear", 23 November). They are

hich century is this? A two-year-old child has pneumonia because she lives in a cold, icature is nonsense still sigh and turn away. We convince ourselves that only a tiny minority are really in trouble, the rest all have tellies, videos, cars and comforts, even if they are not as welloff as we are. Moreover, given the constraints of a growing economy and a democracy, we believe we are doing all

This won't do. For a start, living conditions for some have really become worse than they were 20 years ago. The incidence of illnesses such as TB is rising. Even if most people are better off, there is no excuse for allowing an unfortunate few to suffer such dis-comfort and indignity. Especially when so many of them are children.

Nor are the poor a tiny minority. As The Independent on Sunday revealed yesterday, an astonishing one baby in three is born to parents on benefits; that means 215,000 babies born last year into families not far off the breadline.

Peter Lilley, the Social Security Secretary, assures us that all is not as dire as it seems. Most people who are poor one year, are not poor the next. He has a point. We should not waste too much anguish on the plight of the middleclass family that runs down its savings

during temporary hard times.

The trouble is that inany people don't actually move very far out of poverty. The same people rejoin the dole queues time and time again, when their low-paid temporary jobs run out. market, rather than negotiate infre-



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Households increasingly have two earners, or no earners at all, as both part-

ners get trapped on benefits.

Admittedly most of those stuck on welfare do indeed have televisions, telephones, fridges, and even central heating, videos and cars. So what? Central heating isn't a luxury, it stops people getting cold and ill. Television is extremely cheap entertainment, and provides many people with their only access to our common culture - from news to soap operas, cartoons to documentaries. And cars make it possible to drive to the out-of-town super-

quent buses with several shopping bags and a toddler in tow.

Even more important, relative poverty matters. Inequality is actually bad for our health. Surprising as it may seem, the evidence shows that more unequal societies have much higher death rates. Being poor in a rich country is far worse for our health than being poor in a poor nation, alongside everyone else. It seems that the stress of exclusion, or a sense of failure, or even envy, can drive us to an early

The most pernicious aspect of the underclass myth is the idea that nothing

around £13,000 a year for every child, woman and man in Britain. It should not be beyond us to make sure that toddlers live in houses with central heating.

After all, we are not talking about a sub-Saharan state torn by war and plagued by corrupt government. Nor is Britain a former Communist country, dealing with the unavoidable problems of transition as it tries to restructure an entire economy. This is placid Britain, haunted by nothing more serious than the odd recession to interrupt the path

As Polly Toynbee makes clear over the page, there are plenty of programmes that do good, alleviating poverty and helping people into work. But they are being cut by local authorities to cope with budget squeezes from on high. Conservative govern-ments could have done countless things in the past 17 years to help those who lost jobs in manufacturing and skilled manual work into new jobs, or to make it easier for mothers to find child care and work. Instead, they have ignored the problem and made matters worse. For this week's Budget to deliver tax cuts - especially cuts in inheritance tax or capital gains tax - in the face of such poverty and deprivation, would be appalling and immoral.

But we can't place all the blame on exploited our willingness to turn a

can be done. Our national income is blind eye to other people's problems, If we vote for tax cuts rather than policies to get the poor into work and out of hardship, then the toddler's pneumonia should rest on all of our consciences. We shouldn't feel guilty about poverty, or resigned to inequality, we should be angry and determined. Only when we demand more, and better, of our government, will our government start to deliver.

Cinders lives in Albert Square

Some people are so stuffy. The idea that pantomime should ban soap opera stars in order to return to its traditional roots, as one leading theatre director suggests, is ridiculous.

Consider the history of our pantos and the mummers' plays that pre-ceded them. Each follows a formula: simple, familiar plot (usually including love, greed, betrayal, and misunderstanding), predictable characters, heavy overdramatisation, and a moral message or two.

In fact, they sound remarkably like our soap operas today. The bigwigs of theatreland should wake up; East-Enders, Coronation Street and Brookside politicians. The Conservatives have are the true heirs to Aladdin, Cinderella and Mother Goose.

• LETTERS TO THE EDITOR •



sides, compromise and commitment They should not require sacrifice of principle, but will certainly involve, for both parties, deferment of important but secondary objectives. Acceptance of office under a

These aims will require, on both

Labour prime minister is not necessarily part of those aims, but may be appropriate if the scope of the policy programme justifies it, and Labour dependence on Liberal Democrat support in the House is significant.

Lib Dems should support the idea of coalition politics, and help the electorate to accept it enthusiastically in place of the confrontational politics which have failed us all. And Lib Dem MPs nced ministerial experience; they should not shy away from responsibility.
It is time Elizabeth Lynne and

her like put aside prejudices built of parish-pump politics. Support in the country for the Ashdown line. on co-operation with new Labour is greater than they think. Bideford, Devon

Sir: The danger of Paddy Ashdown entering a coalition with Tony Blair is that the Liberal Democrats could face the same decline into irrelevance as the Free Democrats in Germany. The electorate would always blame a small partner for mistakes while handing the credit for success to a larger one. Further, there could be a loss of members who joined the party because it is distinctive - a radical party which has none of the nanny-state baggage of Labour or the Tories'

Liz Lynne is right to issue a caution. Where she is mistaken is to see the talks over constitutional reform as an indicator of softness towards Labour. In all its incarnations since the 17th century the Liberal Democrat Party has regarded such reform as its principal objective. It was born out of opposition to the concentration. of power in Charles II's Tory Cabal and it stands now for

modernisation of the means of government, both at home and across Europe. If agreement to reform cannot be reached with the most likely incoming government after two decades of constitutional standstill a great opportunity will have been lost. SIMON MUNDY (iladestry,

That film: just a crashing bore

Sir: Crash seems to be triggering a lot of opinionating - much from people who haven't seen it. I can

offer our own experience.

Back in July we walked into a Paris cinema to see a movie, chosen for its cast and other circumstances: it was Crush. We hadn't read a word about it — thought it might be a psychological thriller but were utterly open.

About half-way through, we walked out of the cinema. We were not shocked, or excited, or horrified ... we were bored to death. You could compare it to force-fed masturbation in unbecoming surroundings. In England, I would have claimed my money back, but it's useless to try with the French.

Now, with all the hype, I'm afraid it may become like the emperor's new clothes. But while a decision to censor it might be disputed ... you are not missing a thing. CECILIA GOWAR Paris

Deliver the cash for home birth

Sir: Since the move away from home to hospital births, it is understandable that GPs and some midwives have lost the confidence and skills to take on home births, but that is not the whole story ("Fastel doctors stand in way of home births", 22 November). The Government, with its Changing Childbirth policy, has failed to supply the extra resources needed to implement it. We have a national shortage of midwives, yet few NHS trusts have honoured the local pay award.

If it is difficult enough to provide 24-hour cover in hospitals these days, how likely is it we will be able to get midwives to be on call all day and all night for weeks at a time? Midwives have relationships, partners, husbands and children

too. Nearly half of all midwives work less than full-time. In 1961. when I qualified as a midwife, the midwives who trained me were not married; they devoted their lives to other women and their families.

We all support more choice for nothers-to-be, but in the debate on hospitals versus home births it is time to consider the role of the MARGARET EYRE

Jobs eat into study time

Hasiemere, Surrey

Sir. A report by the Policy Studies Institute claims that university students are now better off than they were before loans were introduced (report, 22 November). The extra income comes from a mixture of loans and earnings made both during the vacations and parttime during term time.

Today I had a visit from a student whom I had asked to explain his non-attendance at tutorials. His reason was that he had a job. My experience as a tutor in a department which teaches over a Post letters to Letters to the Editor, and include a daytime telephone number.

thousand students each year is that this sort of situation is far from unusual.

Such a rise in income is to no avail if students' academic performance suffers. The Policy Studies Institute appears to know the cost of everything and the value of nothing.
This country used to have a

university system widely held to be one of the finest in the world. Continual reduction in the resources devoted to it in real terms (the amount allocated per student) is undermining this position. To pretend that verything in the academic garden is rosy because by working several nights a week in a pub students can still afford their rent and have a little left over for leisure, is to mislead the public and damage not just the university system but the country as a whole. DT ANNA MAIDENS Department of Philosophy University of Leeds

Careful use of steroids

Sir, I was sorry to read ("An ill for every pill", 19 November) that Virginia Ironside had been ill and had had bad experience with the drugs used to treat her ulcerative colitis, an unpleasant and sometimes dangerous condition. Her experiences, however, do not justify her wholesale attacks on steroids and on orthodox medicine

Most people do not have

Fax: 0171-293 2056; e-mail: letters@independent.co.uk).
E-mail correspondents are asked to give a postal address. Letters may be edited for length and clarity.

horrendous side-effects from steroids, even in large doses, and doctors are well aware of the sideeffects and of the need to limit the use of these drugs as far as possible. Trouble-free medication was never part of the deal: doctors do their best with the knowledge and the treatments available to them.

The difference between orthodox medicine and many of the alternatives is that conventional medicine strives to be sciencebased, logical and self-critical. Many alternative treatments, on the other hand, are based on received wisdom, superstition or crude forms of empiricism. ROGER A FISKEN MD, FRCP Northallenon, North Yorkshire

Royal Family

Sir. Paul Handley (Faith & Reason. 23 November) must be lucky in his church attendance to imagine that the state prayers for the Royal Family are said during Church of England services every Sunday: such prayers have been disgracefully neglected for many years. The Bishop of Whitby has been quoted as saying: "These prayers are very, very rarely used in most churches these days." This omission is the more shameful as I understand that Roman Catholics and Jews pray regularly for the Royal Family.
JENNIFER MILLER

C of E ignores

London SW15

Railways face

Sir: The coverage given to the Eurotunnel fire has once again demonstrated the uneven playing field on which railway companies have to operate.

uphill task

The safety commissioners are reported to be demanding a "cast-iron" guarantee that the accident will not be repeated, before passenger trains will be allowed through the tunnel. If the same approach were taken to road safety, the impact on car design and speed limits can only be guessed. Would our motorways be closed until the Department of Transport and the car manufacturers gave a

cast-iron guarantee on safety?
Rail travel remains one of the safest modes of transport. Despite the failure of the first two safety procedures in the present incident, the third was successful in preserving human life. Surely, the question to be answered is why the lorry caught fire. CHRISTOPHER GARDNER Alton, Hampshire

Music of war Sir: Professor David Head (letter,

20 November) challenges readers to claim that the Mastermind title music is reminiscent of a Nazi war camp. Surely I cannot be alone in

recognising the same menacing and oppressive tones found in the theme to the *Coldit*; television NICK GINGELL

Sir: Suzanne Moore ("Why I feel sorry for the boys", 22 November) sees as a gender problem what is still, essentially, one of class. Over the centuries that men have

Men at bottom

of the class

run the world, a hierarchy has developed, placing those with intellectual/verbal skills at the top. those without at the bottom. This gulf has been systematically widened until for those at the lower end, intellectual/verbal skills have become such an irrelevance that in order to maintain their self-respect, they've convinced themselves that such qualities are wimpish and effeminate.

The lives of their partners, however, have remained essentially similar, whatever their place in the hierarchy. Running a home has always required a degree of verbal skill, people skill, the ability to keep the balls in the air, in short, the basic qualities of middle management.

The result, if you give any credence to intelligence tests, is that if you go into a room containing two persons of each gender, the statistical likelihood is that the most intelligent of the four will be one of the men, the least intelligent the other. So, as the need for mindless labour has diminished, and the need for skilled workers and management risen, it is not surprising that women have flooded into the middle of the market, driving virtually half the male population

to the bottom of the pile.

These are the "boys" you need to feel sorry for, whose lives will be thrown away unless they can be helped to adjust to the new world order. The other 50 per cent of men are still doing perfectly nicely. When I watch The Late Review; even when it's enhanced by the presence of Ms Moore, I can't say I often find myself thinking, "What a shame the men aren't as articulate as the women.' ROD BEACHAM Alfold, Surrey

Ready to leave a baffling world

Sir: David Hiscock's review of the implications of slowing down the ageing process (Magazine, 23 November) omits an important cultural point. From extensive contact with aged people over many years I have found that the most common complaint, apart from physical ailments and loss of friends, is that the world has changed beyond recognition in comparison with the years of their outh, invariably viewed with lowing nostalgia. As a result they no longer understand the present world or feel part of it, and are only too ready to be rid of it. Should we unduly prolong their bereavement? Fr DOMINIC KIRKHAM Manchester

Spare a nickel?

Sir I feel Dr James Hutchison (letter, 21 November) is wrong in attributing the magnetism of "copper" coins to their iron

Iron is not the only metal to exhibit magnetic properties, which are shared by nickel and cobalt. I suggest the case in point is caused by variations in the coins' nickel content, which is included to harden the metal. Dr P HOLMES Newcastle-upon-17Time

Budget secrets

iohn bird a OHN FORTUNE THE LONG JOHNS



What will the Chancellor announce in tomorrow's **Budget? What** political calculations go on behind the scenes at the Treasury? Bird and Fortune discuss the finer points of tax policy

sketch, John Fortune is a journalist interviewing businessman Sir George Parr (played by John Bird). on Rory Bremner: Who Else?' in the week before Kenneth Clarke's 1995 Budget. It is a philosophical iece about democratic choice, or, as it is technically known, tax cuts.

Fortune: George Parr, you're very closely involved in the preparation of the Budget.

Bird: Yes, I've been working with the Chancellor and the Treasury team on its final stages.

Fortune: Now, I do realise that nothing at all could induce you to reveal secrets of the Budget.

Bird: Oh no, no. Well, very large sums of money, but otherwise no, because actually the final calculations haven't been made yet.

Fortune: I see. Of course, you're an economist.

Bird: No, no, I work for Euro Disney. I've been seconded to the Treasury for this period.

Fortune: I can't quite see the connection between a fantasy theme park and the Budget.

Bird: Can't you? I thought it was staring you in the face. Well, no, the connection is, people go to Euro Disney, and they see the enchanted palace and the crocodile pool and the Wild West saloon, but they don't think they've really been there until they see the 12ft-high figure with the long white whiskers and the big black ears.

Fortune: I see, yes.

Bird: You see? And in the same way, this Budget is just before a general election. Now during the general election you will hear a lot of discussion about education and health and unemployment.

Fortune: Hmmm:

Bird: But people won't feel they really know how to vote until they know what sort of tax cut they're going to have.

Fortune: So the tax cut is, so to speak, the mouse in your

Bird: It's the mouse, it's the cheese, it's the trap. It's the thing, you see, which is going to decide whether people vote for the Conservative Party or not.

Fortune: And you think that you're qualified to know what is going to make them vote in that way?

Bird: Well, I've spent the last few years getting people to travel hundreds of miles to a swamp outside Paris, to see a pointless farrago of overpriced trivia, and so I think I do know what the public are inclined to fall for.

Fortune: And in this case, of course, it's the tax cut.

Bird: Yes.

Fortune: But I mean, people are saying already, aren't they, that if the Chancellor cuts taxes, it's a simple bribe?

Bird: Well, as we all know. aeral bublic are inclined to jump to wild conclusions in a hurry, but in this case they're right.

Fortune: So it is, it is just bribery?

Bird: It is just bribery, yes.



be ... I mean, a sort of fig leaf of economic argument which says that cutting taxes would actually improve the economy.

Bird: Well, there may be, I suppose. I don't know. We naven't discussed that in the Treasury, we've just discussed the bribing side of things.

Fortune: I see. But aren't the electorate going to despise a Government that just offers them bribes? .

Bird: Well this is the calculation that we have to make. At the moment, you see, this is a fine calculation. Do they despise us more than we despise them? I mean, they know it's a bribe, and we know that they know it's a bribe, and they know that we know that they know it's a bribe, but it's a matter of pitching the bribe at just the right level. I mean, just let me shape the figures: if it's one pence in the pound off ncome tax, people will say: Well, this is just a bribe, and I'm not going to vote for anything as shameless as that." But if it's three pence off the income tax, they say: "Well this is just a bribe, but it's a

they vote for it. You see what I'm getting at?

Fortune: Yes, I do, I'm seeing the logic, yes.

Bird: Good. Fortune: Except, then in that case, you might as well offer

them anything, couldn't you, Bird: Oh, well, no, in that case the calculation goes: instead of do we despise them for being greedy, it's do we despise them for being stupid, because they know that if we cut the top rate income tax

from 40 per cent to 5 per cent, say, which is what the very high earners pay anyway, then they'll know it's not going to work. I mean, they know that we think they're stupid, but it's important that they don't think we think they re as stupid as all that. Fortune: And in any case,

presumably, if the tax cuts don't help the economy, you're going to have to put up taxes again in a couple of

Bird: Well

Fortune: Which is what happened last time.

not going to have much

unless they buy the card they're not going to have any way, they know the tax cuts probably won't work, but they're not going to get them unless they vote Conservative. You follow me, you are

world of complete cynicism here, have we?

know that it is a very cynical world, and rightly or wrongly, everybody despises politicians. But that's a tremendous advantage to us. Because, you're not keeping up here, because the Chancellor knows that people already despise him because he's a politician, so they

Bird: Well, of course, that's the risk you take. It's like the Lottery really; it is a lettery in fact; people know they're chance of winning the Lottery, but they know that

following me?

Fortune: Yes, I'm ... yes. We seem to have stumbled into a

Bird: Unfortunately, we all aren't going to start despising him because he gives money away in bribes, are they? Let

dealer. Fortune: Lowest form of human life.

Bird: Yes. But he's still quite giad to see him coming round the corner with his little bag of white powder, isn't he? You see? ... I'm not saying of course that the Chancellor is a drug dealer ...

Fortune: No no, no no ...

Bird: I have no way of knowing whether he is OF BOL

Fortune: No. But is it, am I being just, I'm sorry, sort of hopelessly idealistic ...

Bird: Hmmm.

Fortune: ... to think that the electorate would actually prefer politicians who had some principles, and who stuck to the promises that they made?

Bird: That would be

Fortune: Would it?

Rind: Oh yes, that isn't what it takes. Look, Britain at the moment is in a relatively good economic position. We've got growth at 2 per sent and a relatively low rate inflation. Now, the reason

that we are in that good position is because in 1992 we left the Buropean Exchange Rate Mechanism and deval-ued the gound. Both of which things John Major, the Prime Minister, said he would never do; he promised he would never do it and if he did do it, it would be a complete betrayal of the

Fortune: So it's only because John Major did betray the country that we're as well off as we are now?

Bird: Yes, you're getting there, yes.

сошиту.

gradually learning this argument, this means that we should vote for the party which is most likely to break its promises on principle?

Bird: (laughs) If only it was as simple as that the world would be a much better place. No, you can't do that because you never know in advance which principles you have to break, you see, that's the thing.

Fortune: It's not until you've abandoned a principle that you know whether it's going

Bird: ... whether it's going to work or not. Yes, exactly

Fortune: And of course I suppose in some senses the

electorate, tou, can't be me draw you an analogy. The relied on to ...

Chancellor, in this case, is a drug dealer. And the voter is Bird: Well no, we say that an addict, you see. Now, the the voters despise the (invaddict may despise the drug crament for not keeping its promises, but then the voters don't keep their promises either, do they?

Fortune: No. Because in the last election people said they'd be prepared to pay more tax for better public services, and then when it came to it they actually voted for lower taxes.

Bird: Yes. They said they would vote Labour, they told the opinion polls that they'd vote Labour, and then of course they went and voted Conservative, and you know, this is very, makes it very difficult for somebody ...

Fortune: It's very difficult to predict anything.

Bird: ... for somebody like me, yes. Because if you can't rely on these people in this way ... and the thing that worries us is that Mr Blair is bringing the Labour Party to the point where I think it might well be possible, he may have already achieved this, that people will be ashamed to say they're going to vote for the Labour Party as well. Which will be a big step forward for them.

Fortune: But that's democracy, isn't it?

Bird: That is democracy, yes. After all, it's a secret hallot.

Fortune: It's a secret bailot, yes, and people have the right to vote for something they're deeply ashamed of.

Bird: But it does make it dif-

Fortune: And of course you could have a situation where people took the bribe, took the tax cuts and still voted Labour, couldn't you?

Bird: I suppose so ...

Fortune: How would you feel about that?

give up, then, really. It would make me lose all my faith in human nature if that happened. I'd be inclined to go and live abroad if that was the case, Actually, I do live abroad. And you never get this problem in the Cayman Islands, because you don't pay tax anyway.

Fortune: George Parr, thank you very much indeed.

Bird: That's all right, it's a

This interview is extracted from The Long Johns' (Hutchison, £9.99). The book is a transcript of the part-improvised spoof interviews between John Bird and John Fortune, originally performed on Channel 4's 'Rory Bremner: Who Else?'

A whale of a time with Lord Wreath



Miles Kington

ou know that news item about the woman who wants to be fertilised by her dead husband? In my day, they would never have broadcast that. Never! And do you know

"Tell us why, Seymour! Was it because they didn't know how to freeze sperm when you were a lad?" "Or was it because they hadn't discovered the link

There was a roar of laughter. From all except the speaker. The speaker, who sat

between sperm and pregnancy

there frowning, was an old mission, his brow furrowed man called Seymour Temand he asked me if it was plate. He was an old BBC producer. He was sitting in an old pub called The Half Of It. (so called because nobody knows it) which is situated in the old part of Soho and is frequented by ex-BBC employees, who like to go there and grumble about the present state of the BBC. I like to drop in there occasionally to pick up gossip, wisdom, history and a free pint. "The reason that we would

never have broadcast it in the old days is that Lord Reith would never have permitted the word 'sperm' to go out on

"You're kidding Seymour."
"I kid you not. We once had an item prepared on the hunting of sperm whales, and things were so straitlaced in those days that we weren't sure if even that would be permitted by Lord Reith. So I was deputed to go and clear it with him. I remember to this day going into the presence of the great man and trembling at the feeling of disapproval which emanated from him.

And that was before he knew

what I had come to ask

entirely necessary to refer to 'sperm whales'. Could we not just call them whales? I said that it was vital to distinguish them from other kinds of whale. He went all furrowed again, and asked me why they were called sperm whales. I said it was because they were hunted for their sperm oil. 'And from what part of the body is this sperm oil derived?" sked Lord Reith, almost in a whisper. From the head, I believe, I said. He looked relieved but puzzled at this ..."

"Oh, get on with it, Sey-mour!" cried another old producer called Roderick Lance. "Yes!" cried a third. "Did the old man let you do it or

"He let us do it on condition that we changed 'sperm whale' to 'killer whale' throughout." said Seymour Template. "You might say that he banned sex but allowed violence." Everyone laughed.

Was he really so puritanical?" I asked. "Puritanical?" said Seymour. "I should say so. I

remember once we had an

idea for covering the Tin Pan

"After I had explained my Alley output, as pop music was

BBC had no interest in pop music ... "Nowadays it has interest in little else," said some old cur-

mudgeon.
"So we went along to Reith with an idea for a new pro-gramme which would broadcast new pop songs, to be called New Ditty Time. To our amazement, he stood up and shouted at us to get out with our works of the devil."

"Did he really think that pop music was diabolical?" said someone. "Not at all," said Seymour Template. "He had merely misheard the title of our pro-

gramme, New Ditty Time, as Nudity Time." Shouts of laughter.
"Incidentally," said another old producer, "is there any truth in the rumour that John Birt's new nickname is East

"Why 'East Ham'?" "Because it's one stop short of Barking."

More shouts of laughter. Did I ever tell you what Reith's nickname was?" said Seymour Template.
"Tell us, old boy."

"He was called Two-Minute Silence"."

"Because of Reith and

wreath, you know. He was also called 'Cenotaph' and 'the Unknown Broadcaster', for the same reason ... "Did you also know that, to begin with, Lord Reith seriously considered taking no notice of the Second World War?"

"Not covering it, you mean?" "Yes. He said it was in far too bad taste to be covered on the BBC. It was with great dif-

ficulty that we persuaded him to let it make the news ... Shouts of laughter. As I left the pub I asked someone I knew just why Seymour Tem-plate was so bitter against Lord Reith.

"Not bitter at all, old boy, Template is an agent of the Birt regime. He is sent among us to make us feel that things were much worse in the old days and that Birt's regime is comparatively enlightened. If Reith's name has to be blackened, so be it."

"Why do you put up with Because he amuses us, dear boy."

Am I alone in finding the whole development somewhat distasteful?



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Rothschild's victory over Frankfurt

new book*, a portrait of the first Rothschild, by Amos Elon, makes the family's story even more remarkable than I already believed it to be. It also provides a picture of a repulsive Frankfurt, the most anti-Semitic city in 18th-century

It was only a few years after Rothschild's death that Byron wrote his celebrated lines about the power of finance: Who keep the world, both old

and new, in pain
Or pleasure? Who make politics
run glibber all?
the shade of Buonaparie's double daring? Jew Rothschild and his fellow-Christian Baring!

Unlike the Barings, the Rothschilds continue to push on with their banking busi-ness; they announced the other day a closer integration of their European operations. Until now most attention has been paid to the founder's five brilliant sons - the five arrows on the bank's crest - who, leaving behind one of their number in Frankfurt, established busi-nesses in London, Paris, Vienna and Naples, of which those in London and Paris still survive. But the founder, Meyer Amschel Rothschild

born in 1744 in a dilapidated tenement in the Jewish ghetto of Frankfurt, was arguably the greatest Rothschild of all.

No improvement in the circumstances of the Jewish community in Frankfurt, the largest in Germany, had taken place since medieval times. It was confined to a closed, overcrowded, insanitary compound, shut off by high walls and heavy gates, which were locked at night, all day on Sundays and other Christian holidays, and from Good Friday until after Easter. The freedom of movement of Jews and the jobs they could do were severely restricted; they had to swear a loyalty oath in which they were referred to as members of an "accursed" race; their numbers were limited to 500 families, so only 12 Jewish weddings could be authorised each year. They were often molested in the street. At the cry "Jud mach mores" – "Jew pay your due" – they would have to take off their hais, step aside and bow. Jews could venture outside the ghetto only for business, and never more than two abreast. This city of Goethe, a contemporary of Rothschild, maintained an obscene painted relief, known as the Judensau (Jews' sow) at one of its entrances. When the old ramparts were turned into promenades, a sign outside one of them said "No Jew or pig can enter here."

Frankfurt's non-Jewish residents were viciously hostile because they were determined to keep to themselves all the advantages of their city's favourable trading position, standing as it did at the junction of five international land routes - linking England and the Netherlands with Russia, and Venice and France with the Hanseatic towns to the north. Frankfurt's anti-Semitism was in its origin onequarter religious hate, three-quarters commercial fear. That Rothschild built up a busi-



Andreas Whittam Smith

The remarkable story of the building of a bank in an 18thcentury

ghetto

ness which endures to this day, albeit no longer in Frankfurt, in the face of the city's vile regul-Rothsehild took the only

available escape route: he became a Court Jew. The rulers of numerous German kingdoms and principalities always needed men of business and bankers to handle their financial affairs. Christian bankers weren't terribly interested in the opportunity - princes were apt to renege on contracts; they made their

own laws.

After many years of slow progress, punctuated by set-backs. Rothschild gradually began to do more and more for the progress for the rules of with ss for the ruler of neighbouring Hessel-Kassel. Its prince was both exceptionally right and an obsessive moneymaker he supplied mercenaries and loans to his fellow rulers and invested in rare coins and British government stocks. In today's terms, Rothschild had become the chief broker to the largest and most active institution in the market. Nonetheless, Roths-child's daily life continued to be marked by the humiliations visited upon Jews. One day, in the 1.780s, the Frankfurt magistrates decided that Jews should be

forbidden to carry walking sticks. The Frankfurt post office withheld let-ters addressed to Jews until the afternoon, so that they could be censored. However, as the recipients were allowed to see their envelopes earlier, Rothschild had his correspondence colour coded. A blue envelope told him that the pound was rising, red that it was falling.

By the beginning of the 19th century Jew-ish emancipation could no longer be resisted. Nonetheless the city fathers, Lutherans every one, demanded their pound of flesh. They insisted that the Jews buy their civil rights. Rothschild conducted the negotiations in 1811. The city claimed that it should be compensated for losing the proceeds of the special tax on Jews, levied since medieval times. The price agreed was equivalent, in today's money, to £4,000 per Jewish family. A year later Rothschild died. He had lived his entire life in the ghetto and had visited the synagogue almost

Mr Elon quotes an affecting description of "old Rothschild": "during the meal the old Rothschild, who has business deals with my (a Christian hanker) announced ... his eyes mirrored intellect and good will. He possessed both qualities. Greeting us warmly he entered. The servant brought him a chair. He did not sit down. 'Please sit down,' said my father-in-law. 'No. sir,' Rothschild responded, 'I know what is becoming for me.' If you do not sit down,' said my fatherin-law, 'I'll also stand up.' At this, Rothschild placed himself at the edge of the chair; we feared he might fall off. This was the man who through industry founded a world power of

* Founder: a portrait of the first Rothschild and his time' by Amos Elon (Harper Collins, £20).

Poverty by a thousand cuts

by Polly Toynbee

eeling good? We are ready for a feel-good Budget tomorrow for nation at ease with its wallets and handbags. We shall have tax cuts - only prudent ones of course, but pru-

dent for whom? Down on the ground, this is what failure to raise sufficient taxes means right now: a third of all health authorities are in deep trouble, slashing and burning to keep within the law and end the year without debts. Most non-emergency cases will have to wait until April. Local authorities, too, are scything their budgets.

What is being cut first? The very projects designed to catch problems at an early stage, cheap social programmes where a little spending now will save exorbitant spending later: save exorbitant spending later: projects that shore up families to stop children being taken into care (costing £40,000 a year per child) – and projects to keep young people off drugs and out of prison (which costs £100,000 per prisoner).

The Independent is based in Tower Hamlets, the poorest borough in Britain This is what

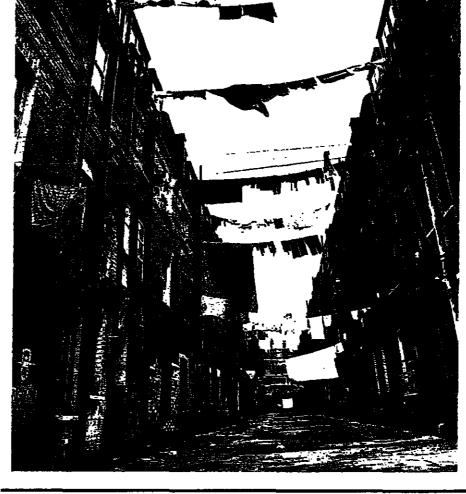
borough in Britain. This is what is happening right here, on our own doorstep - and it is a pat-tern mirrored in many inner cities, according to Cipfa (the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy).

Today the East London and

the City Health Anthority will announce savage cuts to most of its social programmes because it is £20m in the red. Reluctantly, it has just told 140 successful projects that their grants are to be slashed. These are 140 assorted voluntary organisations strug-gling to hold back a tide of deprivation and human calamity:

It will mean the closure of three Newpin centres, that help struggling new young mothers cope with serious mental prob-lems by exploring their behav-iour and their usually disastrous backgrounds. They learn to break the cycle of bad mothering and to build a relationship with their child. The proers who have themselves been helped by Newpin, at a modest cost of just £3,000 per family.

Then there is the Tower Hamlets Youth Counselling Service where 12- to 25-year-olds in trouble are referred by schools and GPs with problems that endanger their social survival: depression, drug dependency, eating disorders, sexual abuse, school problems, crime. There is already a two-month waiting list, which makes little sense in dealing with such emergencies.



Slashing welfare schemes that are designed to save public money in the future will ensure that nobody feels very good

Now the health authority has withdrawn all its funding.

Or what of the Nacro programmes, trying to keep of-fenders out of further trouble? as the Maze in Brick Lane, run by the YWCA, counselling 2,000 young people a year in schools or in a drop-in café,

helping them and their families? It will now have to close. The other schemes, all 140 of them, were originally taken up by the health authority because they are designed to catch problems early, in order to avoid far more expensive treatments later. One offers care for Altzheimer's sufferers, to give their carers a respite to stop

relatives into a home.

No, they are wildly profligate short-term cuts that will quickly lead to far greater expense. Of course, we cannot prove that to the Treasury, the arch-short-termists. These schemes are run on a shoestring and no one has the money for proper social monitoring to prove how well they work, or exactly how much money they save. But if they keep only a small proportion of people out

of institutions, they must save their costs a hundredfold. The health authority is well

them breaking down under the strain and baving to put their do? Part of its debt arises out of having to cope with greatly Are these cuts prudent? Is increased numbers of mental this what the Chancellor means patients, diverted from pris-

secure accommodation. (Un-

fairly, money does not follow them out of the prison system.) So what of the local authority? Shouldn't it be paying for some of this? No. Dirt-poor Tower Hamlets, with 20 per cent unemployment, has to claw back £9m this year and a further £8m next. What are we to cut?" asks the chief executive, Sylvie Pierce. "Our youth sercrime and unemployment, and yet she, too, will have to cut pre-vention projects.

She gives another example of the finances of madness: Tower Hamlets council will have to cut care packages for frail old people waiting to leave hospital. So the health authority will find even more of its beds blocked with people who do not need to be there, costing £2,100 a week each, when a fraction of that money would keep them com-fortably elsewhere. But the local authority also protests that economies in the NHS, pushing people out of beds early, has put huge financial pressure on their community care budget. And so, with the greatest sympathy for one another, the two authorities dump people from one budget to the other. This eco-nomic insanity happens all around the country.

Although this is mainly a tale of acute shortage of funds, it is made worse by a lacuna in public policy that successive governments have failed to fix. Four budgets – health, local authority, social security and criminal justice – all stand to gain from projects that keep people out of dependency on the state. Yet naturally all are eager to push the costs of such projects on to one another. There are some joint funding schemes, but they are usually the first to go in hard times. What is needed is an overarching organisation to pro-vide these social programmes with ring-fenced money and the power to take slices of funds out of the relevant departmental budgets. That is the only way we can ever shift money out of expensive acute services - the here and now into cheaper prevention, with savings for the future.

The nation is in the grip of panic about imminent social collapse – tearaway children, abominable parents, neighbours from hell and drug-driven crime. Yet something has gone wrong with the body politic. The wires have short-circuited, so the link from all that social nected from the part of the brain that knows perfectly well what would put things right: money, money and money.

So what would a prudent Budget be? Would it be these reckless cuts in the few threadbare projects that try to hold the social fabric together? Well, if taxes are cut tomorrow, save your money to spend on a better burglar alarm, car security vice? Our drug service? It's system, bars, railings and insur-heart-breaking." She talks of ance policies. Is that what feelthe downward spiral in drugs. good really feels like?

Television is missing one colour

Three writer-directors tell Emma Daly that BBC1 will not accept black characters

ould you watch Bridgetower - a true-story costume drama about an 18th-century black violinist, the son of a slave and so talented that Beethoven wrote for

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Weil you can't, because Kolton Lee, the writer and director who pitched it to the Corporation, was told that a story with a black lead character was "not mainstream" and therefore could not run on the main channel. "I've worked on 'mainstream'," says Lee, a

writer on EastEnders and Byker Grove, "but what I'm finding with ideas I'm putting up is that as soon as one or more of the lead characters is non-white the shutters come down, the experi-ence is no longer universal." Still, Lee has now made it to BBC2 – not with the violinist, but as the director of Phoenix, a story of racial hatred and revenge which is part of the "Crucial Tales" series of "black and Asian" films that began last

Saturday night.

Ironically, the four stories in the series -Phoenix apart - are not about "black" issues. The first, I Bring You Frankincense, is the story of a boy of mixed race, but it is as much about whites as blacks, says its director, Ngozi Onwurah. "It is a coming-of-age story, a kid who's an outsider trying to find himself." As such, it reflects the experience of many, she says: "I've only ever met four or five people who were insiders growing up ... Anyone could relate to [the film]:"

Spiders and Flies is a film noir, but not a "black" film, despite the absence of a single white face. It is a thriller that could just as easily be cast with white actors. Revolver, set in a pirate radio station, also has a mixed cast with a black heroine; its writer and director, Avril Russell, has

written for The Bill. "A lot of black stories, especially black British stories, would not have an absence of white peopie," says Ms Onwurah, daughter of a black Nigerian father and white English mother. "My life has a lot of white threads running through it." She is evidently able to direct white casts, having worked on Heartheat and South of the Border, she also made a feature film, Welcome !! the

Jonti Richardson, the writer of Frankfricense, finds it "uncomfortable" to be perceived as a "black" writer, despite the fact that he firmly identifies himself as black rather than half-white. "Labelling it 'black drama' makes it somehow different from other drama. There's good and



'Revolver' has a black heroine but black lead characters rarely make it to the small screen

bad drama and that's the only criterion, surely?"
Europe Singh of the BBC education department, which helped to fund "Crucial Tales", says the series was intended to encourage black writers in television, to help them learn the disciplines needed for mainstream television. "There can no longer be the excuse that there aren't

black writers to do the writing," he says. Black writers and directors know well that they are in a difficult business, that it is never easy to have films made, that all film-makers want bigger budgets. But they also believe that the very idea of minority programming creates a vicious circle from which they cannot escape.

First, "ethnic" strands run on smaller budgets than "mainstream" shows - "I don't know why people think black film-making is inherently

cheaper ...", says Ms Onwurah tartly. "Black means small budget and low production values." adds Mr Richardson. "It makes our job even harder.

Second, the bosses seem to apply lower standards to "black" projects. "I just get away with so much more when I'm doing black stuff than when I'm doing white stuff," Ms Onwurah says. "We need people to apply the same rigour to us as they do to anyone else." As Mr Richardson puts it, "I'll be happy to be judged alongside everybody else ... I'd rather be a 'crap writer' than a good black writer."

Third, "ethnic" shows are usually broadcast out

of primetime, and therefore have little chance of gaining a wider audience than the schedulers expect. Ms Onwurah points out that black culture

is huge in Britain, at least among its youth - black music, fashion and slang is widespread in this country. So why not "black" television?

"I actually like the BBC, there's a lot of high-

calibre people at the BBC, and if you could talk to them more, and show them more ... "Ms Onwurah's voice trails off in frustration. "What we are looking for is the breakthrough programme that has a black soul and gets a white audience, and then we'll be on easy street for a bit."

There are many other examples of the Bridgetower sort - the teen soap, the black "twentysomething", the sci-fi story with a black lead and each of the writers throws "for instances" about, describing their experiences and those of friends. But the rules don't apply to foreign programmes, such as the American imports The Cosby Show and Fresh Prince of Bel-Air, which are scheduled as mainstream. "I don't see how those can cater for a widespread audience when homegrown stuff can't," Mr Richardson says.

The exception in this country, of course, is Lenny Henry, who is not perceived as black, it seems, by the BBC or by the audience of Chef! and his other shows. As it happens, Crucial Films, the company commissioned by the BBC to make this latest series, is owned by ... Lenny

"The fact that Lenny's company was commissioned to do this is telling," Mr Richardson says sardonically. He speaks of "entrenched racism" at the BBC: white programmers still perceive black writers as "different", and still believe the stereotypes. "I'm not hip and I can't dance," says Mr Richardson, who has been asked if he is capable of writing for white characters. "As a black writer they think you have a specific voice. To be asked 'Do you do white?' is outrageous.

The BBC's Mr Singh wants black writers to come through so, for example, they can write convincing black characters for soaps such as EastEnders. But the three writer-directors I spoke to don't want to write convincing black characters for soaps, but convincing characters full stop. They want the chance to make their own films and tell all manner of stories, black, white or multi-coloured.

Mr Richardson asks with a laugh if he has been whingeing too much, but his frustration is all too evident. "No wonder people think we have chips on our shoulders. We're fighting so hard and all we want is to be treated like other people."



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Terence Donovan

In June 1971, Nova magazine covered photography and soon ran "Is There Any Truth in the Rumour?" three pages of black-and-white fashion photographs by Terence Donovan. The feature was about blazers, an ostensibly uninspiring subject for London's most adventurous magazine for women.

But Donovan's photographs. knowing and ironic, made the story a classic of the new wave. Rejecting Sixties zaniness and high colour, he made a set of images which were closer to street documentary than high fashion photography. Models were pho-tographed in harsh black and white, standing in the courtyard of a block of council flats, waiting in front of the post office. sitting on a bleak concrete flight of steps.

The women were beautiful and the clothes classic, but the settings gave the twist to the story. You could say it was a metaphor for Donovan himself, a lorry driver's son turned celebrity from the Mile End Road. In "Is There Any Truth in the Rumour?", Terence Donovan was not only revisiting his past, but also paying homage to it, acknowledging the dour and fragile glamour of inner-city London while making intricate comedy at the expense of the haute bourgeoisie.

Nova, which had blazed the trail for an entirely new way of looking at fashion, closed in 1974, but its legend lived on. Less than a decade later, the radical style magazines I.D. and The Face took up the ideas of street fashion photography set in place by the pioneers of the Sixties and continued to take the élitism out of fashion. The studio was out, and the street was

The transformation of East End boy into charismatic Sixties celebrity is an enduring myth of London life. But there is some truth in the cliché. As many photographers from the 19th century onwards had proved, the close-knit streets of the East End, the crowded marketplaces, the expanses of the docks and a remarkable history of deprivation and resilience was to escape.

Terence Donovan's route out was by way of a time-honoured East End profession - the print. After leaving secondary modern editors at Queen and Town school at the age of 11, Donovan signed on for a course in blockmaking at the London School of Engraving and Lith- ley, Duffy and Donovan to ography in Fleet Street. He was fascinated by the world of the

afterwards joined the studio of John French, painter, designer and (from the mid-1940s) leading fashion photographer. In his 1973 history of photography The Magic Image, Cecil Beaton dubbed Donovan and his two contemporaries David Bailey and Brian Duffy "The Terrible Three" and described with enthusiasm how the "three cockney boys rushed out of the somewhat staid John French's darkroom and gave a signature to their times".

Beaton, by then ageing and

somewhat weary of the image-making business, was cautious in his assessment of the new generation of fashion photographers, warning that "often there is a danger that young photographers who meet with wide popular success quite suddenly are pushed further than they can naturally go". He admired Donovan's fashion photographs as "strong, stark" and reminiscent of the film L'Année demière à Marienbad and was clearly fascinated by the way he managed to make his young models "look as if they were

were wearing soiled underwear". By 1959, Donovan had set up his own studio. He had learnt much from John French, but was determined to establish his own style and to compete for work in the new markets which were opening up in the soon-to-be-swinging London. Two magazines, Queen and Town, though conservative enough when compared to the later iconoclasms of Nova, were open to new ways of thinking about fashion. In Queen's Mark Boxer and Town's Tom Wolsey, the new generation of fashion photographers

found enthusiastic supporters. "It was working for Town," Donovan told the fashion historian Martin Harrison in 1991, "that really got me started and got me a name."

For a story on men's suits published in *Town* in 1960, Donovan took his model to a gasworks and pictured him against the harsh ironwork and angular structures, juxtaposing the soft and the hard, the luxwere inspiring visual catalysts. urious and the evreyday. It was For those born and brought up there, the overwhelming urge that he would adopt time and time again.

Other, more traditional magazines were soon eager to adopt the new London style. Young moved on to work in the expanding British edition of Vogue, and commissioned Baimake spreads. But the endurgend of the Swinging Lon-

loid, in that emblematic Sixties film, Antonioni's Blow Up (1966), a peculiar mystery story with a young fashion photographer as its central character. For ever after, in the minds of the British public, every fashion shoot would be seen as an inevitable prelude to sex and every fashion photographer as cool, coercive, totally hetero-sexual and utterly charismatic. As the American critic Owen

Edwards wrote in 1973, Blow Up was one of those fairly ordinary movies that had the good for-tune to appear at precisely the magic moment, crystallising the longings of an enormous audience. Would-be an enormous andience. Would-be wonderclickers materialised as if by combustions generation. All of a sudden it seemed that every adolescent shutter-bug with a masturbatory magnation had converged on New York with a light meter in one eye and dollar signs in the other.

The Sixties generation had begun to parody itself. In Peter Evans's text for Goodbye Baby and Amen: a saraband for the Sixties (1969), he compared Donovan and Duffy to

Donovan and Duffy to
the Parisian Impressionists at the beginning of the century, the artists with
an arrogant Bohemian sense of super style, of daring nouveau art ...
Like van Gogh, their pictures emphassised the familiar, the natural, the
reality around us; they got their
models to pose and to walk and to
think like the mods and the rockers,
the easy lays, the hard cases and the
scrubbers they saw in the East End.
They were the illustrators of the life
of their time; they brought the simof their time; they brought the sim-plicity of the streets into the studio with artistic vehemence.

It is unlikely that Terence Donovan, always unassuming, practical and pragmatic, would either have made such grand claims for himself or agreed with such a succession of stereotypes. He saw his use of the everyday and the insalubrious not so much as a challenge to the social order, but rather as a read-ily available device to make anything?" fashion new and exciting. That his photographs looked so fascinatingly exotic perhaps says more about his audience than it does about Donovan himself.

In 1974, Terence Donovan travelled up to Manchester to Polytechnic. He told the students that, some time before, he had bought three identical suits so that he would no longer have morning. Having to think about his appearance, he said, got in the way of the important things in life. He also advised his audience never to work for an employer, but simply "to find something you want to do, and get someone to pay you to do it".

Donovan expressed a notion the press, its speed, its influence don photographer was created of self-reliance and entreprenot on the pages of the fashion neurialism which was to char-married (two sons, one daughter);

By the age of 15, he had dis-magazine, but rather in cellu-acterise not only the group of died London 22 November 1996.

fashion photographers to which he belonged, but which also sent out important signals to the emerging British photographers of the Seventies.

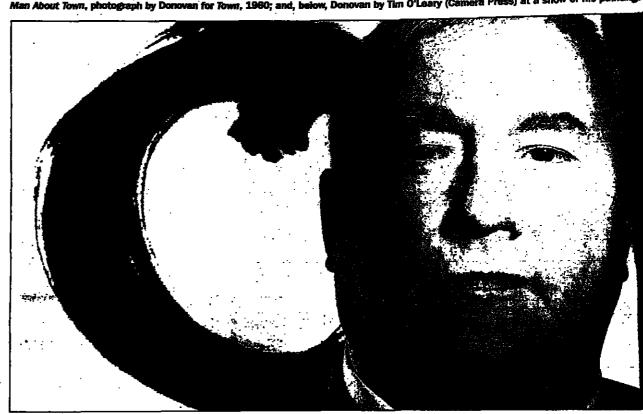
Terence Donovan's biography does not appear in the tradi-tional histories of art and photography. Not until the 1990s did fashion photography as-sume a cultural importance which went beyond the fashion pages. He moved away from photography and into film production in the early Seventies and became a half-forgotten Sixties hero irrevocably trapped within a myth. Prominent women like Margaret Thatcher and the Duchess of York still sought him out in the hope that his photographic alchemy would still work wonders, and

usually they were right. In 1983, he published Glances, a collection of photographs and fragments of semi-fictional narrative. At the time, it was assessed as charvinist and at odds with current thinking about women and sexuality. Looking through this book now, it re-emerges as a remarkable and knowing comedy about sexual mores, about gender and about our endless capaci-ty to fantasise the real. It is a satire at the expense of photography, which uses the real world to explore the recesses of the imagination and presents us with our desires, recycled. Opposite one photograph, of a model wearing an unusually revealing army uniform, he writes, "My Aunt Bett used to dress like this; her lips were just as dark". Next to a photograph of the elderly transvestite Bunny Roger, he comments, "During the war he was a major in the Rifle Brigade. He was famous for prodigious feats of

Terence Donovan both challenged fashion photography and took it for what it was, an imperfect, compromised and mevitably comic set of contradictions with which we are endlessly complicit. Donovan knew speak to a group of photogra-phy students at Manchester that there are never any com-pletely new ideas in fashion phothat there are never any comtography, only a constant recycling and adaptation, a process of finding the image to suit the Zeitgeist, and making to decide what to wear in the us believe that we have discovered something completely new. Secrets shared on a grandly public scale, fairy stories told with skill, comedy and a certain austerity, tarnished tiaras among the East End grit.

Val Williams born 14 September 1936; twice





A. B. Hargreaves

A. B. Hargreaves was one of the few pioneers from the golden age of rock climbing to span both the Lake District and Welsh groups of leading climbers. He was one of the select group of three individuals to serve as president for both of England's leading climbing clubs; the Fell and Rock Club, 1952-54, and the Climbers Club, 1960-63. He was also a member of the Alpine Club.

Hargreaves and his contemporaries of the late 1920s and early 1930s showed their dissatisfaction with mundane urban life by taking to the hills. In the days when there were few safeguards and a simple slip spelt disaster, they challenged the order of what was possible, pushing rock-climbing standards to new heights. Along with a select band of talented climbers, notably Alf Bridge, Menlove Edwards, Ted Hicks, Colin Kirkus, Maurice Linnell, Sir Jack Longland, Marco Pal- to Denstone College, a public



lis and Ivan Waller, be helped to open the great mountain faces of Snowdon's Clogwyn du'r Arddu (the Black Cliff), and Scafell's East Buttress.

Hargreaves was the eldest of four brothers; his father had a successful retail tobacco business, and Hargreaves was sent

stone's emphasis on strict religious doctrine. Hargreaves's younger brother died during an operation to remove an appendix, performed at home on the kitchen table, and this had a profound effect on his attitude to life. He declined to join the family business, and took up officer training for the Merchant Navy on HMS Conway in Liverpool. He left after two years and in 1923 joined a firm of chartered accountants to become an articled clerk.

It was in the mid-1920s that Hargreaves took a mountain biking holiday to the Lake Dis-trict. This was real mountain biking, long before the imported wave of interest from America. On his traverse of the rocky ridge of Mickledore, having descended from the summit of Scafell Pike, he observed some lone figures moving intricately across the high exposed face of

school in Staffordshire. He Scafell Crag. In his forthright loved public school and Denmanner, he quizzed them about what they were doing. They were rock climbers, tackling a route known as Keswick Brothers Climb. Hargreaves took to it with a vengeance and rock climbing was to be his passion for the rest of his life. Strong, wiry, of diminutive stature, full of energy, mentally and physically tough, he was of the right proportions to excel at the relatively new game of "rock gymnastics", as opposed to mountaineering.

Hargreaves was a founder member of the Waylarers' Club and joined both the Fell and Rock Club and Climbers' Club in 1927. He soon took under his wing the young climbing genius Colin Kirkus – who had been climbing new routes solo for lack of knowledge and companionship - and provided him with direction and the benefits that experienced organised groups can bestow. They, and others of their group, made two ic in case of a fall; so the basic significant first descents to-rule was that the lead climber 1933-35), to join his firm, Lake-hear "A.B." in full flow. gether, Curving Crack on Clogwyn du'r Arddu and Bridges Route on the Esk Buttress of Scafell, both in 1932, along with numerous second ascents.

The combination of Hargreaves and Kirkus came to be known as "The Suicide Club" because of their daring exploits. They pushed very near to the limit and, certainly in the case of Kirkus, sometimes beyond. It was thanks to Hargreaves that Kirkus was not killed when he took a 70ft fall from the top of South America Crack on Great Central route on Lakelands, Dow Crag. In those days, the manner of protecting the lead climber, in this case Kirkus, from a fall was for the second man, Hargreaves, to hold the rope diagonally across back and shoulder, with it wrapped around each wrist. The strain on the second man holding the rope thus became quite terrif-

should not fall. By an incredible feat of strength, Hargreaves held Kirkus's fall from South America Crack, so that while Kirkus was relatively unhurt, Hargreaves suffered a realigned nose, having been smashed into the rock, and hands lacerated to the bone.

From the beginnings of his rock-climbing career, Hargreaves had the means to travel abroad and indulge in the world of alpinism, yet he often es-chewed it with typical selfeffacement; "too bloody cold". He stayed true to pure rockclimbing, delighting in wet, cold and difficult conditions. His method of overcoming the slippery nature of wet rock was to climb with socks over his footwear, held in place by rubber bands.

Hargreaves left Liverpool in the mid-1930s, invited by W.G. Milligan (a fellow climber and known for him to stand on the

land Laundries, as secretary. Rising to become director, and chairman in later years, Hargreaves stayed with the compamy for the rest of his professional life. He lived in Ulverston, on the doorstep of the Lake District, until his death. He was a founder-member of the Friends of the Lake District and, up to

the late 1970s, a member of the planning board of the Lake Dis-trict National Park Authority. Hargreaves was one of the great characters of the climbing world, and his involvement with climbing, climbers and the mountains, endured to the end. Ever popular with younger members, and known simply as "A.B." by the climbing fraternity, he continued to attend most club functions and, though only

partly sighted and badly lame, he was a constant source of amusing anecdote. It had been I remember on one particu-

lar Fell and Rock meet at Wasdale Head, with the rain teeming down outside and the hostelry particularly crowded with would-be climbers, when an ancient, stooped figure thumped his walking stick on the stone-flagged floor. The resultant crack was like that from a 303 rifle and it stunned the bar into silence. "Gullies. You can always climb gullies in the wet," a voice barked across the room. His chin out, his straight-lipped smile mocked and laughed at the same time, eyes twinkling.

Bill Birkett

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From the control of t

Alan Bennet Hurgreaves, rock climber: born Blackburn, Lancashire 22 April 1904; married 1935 Mand Gordon (murriage dissolved 1954; one son, three daughters); died Uhverston, Cumbria 14 November 1996.

DEATHS

PARTICIOUGH: Andrew, died peace-fully aged 45 on 18 November. Beloved son of John and Kay, hus-band of Ceba, lather of Joanna and brother to Vincent, Jonathan and Geoffrey, The funeral will be held at 1 pm on 27 November at St Lewis's, Croft, Nr Warrington, Cheshire, A re-ception will be held from about 3 mm. Croft, Nr Warrington, Cheshire, A re-ception will be held from about 3pm at the Haydock Thistle Hotel, Penny Lane, Haydock, Flowers from im-mediate family only. Donations to the British Association for Cancer Unit-ed Patients. Enquiries and donations via Middleton and Wood, Egerton House, 127 Lower Wallgate, Wigan, telephone 01942 342876.

ROSE: On 21 November 1996, Dr Bernard William George Rose OBE MA DMns FRCO, after a long ilmess, stoically borne. Beloved Instand of Molly, devoted and much-loved father of Graham, Gregory and Nigel, father-in-law of Judith, Helen and Wendie and grandfather of Richard, Alexandra, Oliver, Simon and Fred-die, Private cremation followed by a thanksgiving service in St Mary's thankseiving service in St Mary's Church, Bampton, Oxfordshire, to be held at 2,30pm on Friday 29 November 1996. A memorial service will take place at a later date at Mag-dalen College, Oxford, Family flow-

ROYAL ENGAGEMENTS

Births, Marriages & Deaths

ers only: donations to The Friends of the Bampton Practice, Landells, Bampton, Oxfordshire OX12 2LJ.

MEMORIAL SERVICES KNIGHT: Frida. Memorial meeting Saturday 7 December, 1.45pm Friends' Meeting House, Jesus Lane, Cambridge, Mourrists, travel early and use Park and Ride.

IN MEMORIAM MAXEY: Alex. Remembered with love and missed so much every day, Kate.

MAXEY: Alex. Died 25 November 1991, aged 37. Greatly loved and re-membered always. Sarah. For Gazette BIRTHS, MARRIAGES & DEATHS, please telephone 0171-293 2011 (24-hour answering machine 0171-293 2012) or fax 0171-293 2010. Charges are £6,50 a line (VAT extra).

restance to mark and honour 60 years of television from the Bettich Bryadenston Corporation at 195 Fundatily, London W1. The Buddest of Gaussenter, Patron. Wearen Caring Test, attend after Honor of Levine Wages of Commons Swim at the Royal Antonochie Crish, London W1. Principal Actuation, Persistent, well antend the Royal Star and Getter Honer — Celebration Bull' at the Savoy Hotel, London WC.

Chat ne intended. the Changing of the Guard

Changing of the Guard

The Household Caputy Mounted Regiment
mounts the Queen's Life Guard at Rossa Counts.

Birthdays

Mr Bev Bevan, rock musician, 50; Mr Paul Copley, actor, 53; Miss Kathryn Crosby, film actress, 63; Sir John Drummond, writer and broadcaster, 62: Mr Francis Durbridge, writer, 84; Mr John Edwards, former High Commissioner to Botswana, 62; Mrs Maria Fyfe MP, 58; Sir Cosmo Haskard, former Governor of the Falkland Islands, 80; Mr Dickie Jeeps, former rugby international, 65; Mr Alan Keen MP, 59; Mr Charles Kennedy MP, 37; Miss Yvonne Kenny, operatic soprano, 46; Mr Imran Khan Niazi, cricketer, 44; Dr Maumo Koivisto, former President of Finland 73; Lord McConnell, former Social Security Commissioner, Northern Ireland, 74; Mr Tony Milson, am-bassador to Macedonia, 45; Mr Ri-cardo Montalban, film actor, 76; Sir Fergus Moutgomery MP, 69; Mr Michael Morris MP, 60; Mr Panl Murphy MP, 48, Mr Tony Neary, rug-by player, 48; Dr Andreas R. Prindl, Provost of Gresham College, 57; Lord Richardson of Duntisbourne, chairman, Morgan Stanley Interna-tional Inc. 81; Mr Richard Seifert, architect, 86; Mr Laurence Shurman, Banking Ombudsman, 66; Lord Weatherill, former Speaker of the House of Commons, 76; Sir Peter

Anniversaries Births: Henry Mayhew, author and journalist, 1812; Andrew Carnegle, 13 years.

i,

Wright, former Director, Birmingham Royal Ballet, 70.

industrialist and philanthropist, 1835; Leonard Sidney Woolf, publisher, 1880; Pope John XXIII (Angelo Roncalfi), 1881. Prince William, son of Henry I, lost at sea 1120; Isaac Watts, hymnwriter, 1748; Sir Francis Legatt Chantrey, sculptor and bene-factor, 1841; John Gibson Lockhart, editor and biographer, 1854; David Roberts, painter, 1864; Dame Lilian Mary Baylis, founder of the Old Vic, 1937; Yukio Mishima, nov-elist, 1970; Geoffrey Edward Harvey Grigson, poet and critic, 1985. On this day: Gilbert and Sullivan's Iolanthe was first performed, 1882; Agatha Christic's *The Mousetrap* opened in London, 1952 Today is the Feast Day

Lectures

Moses the Martyr.

National Gallery: Lisa Jardine, "Worldly Goods: a new history of the Renaissance", Ipm. Victoria and Albert Museum: Char-lotte Cotton, "Classic American Photography", 2.30pm.

of St Mercurius of Caesarca and St

Exeter University: Professor Patrick Fowler, "Carbon Footballs, Large and Small", L.10pm.

Help the Aged

The appointment has been announced of Colonel Michael Lake CBE as Director-General, Help the Aged, in succession to Colonel John Mayo OBE, on his retirement after

The following notes of judgments were prepared by the reporters of the All England Law Reports.

Children

Re B (minors) (issue estoppel); FD (Hale J) 1 Nov 1996. The strict doctrine of issue estoppel did not apply in chil-

compass both the flexibility essential in cases concerning children and the increased control exercised by the court rather than the parties, already a feature of the court's Ord 59, r 14(3) to consider a remore inquisatorial role in such newed application under r cases. The court had a discretion as to how the inquiry before it was to be conducted and that included the power to decline to allow a full hearing of the evidence on certain matters even if the strict rules of issue city of Practitioners of Insolvency. estoppel would not cover them. Graham Purnell for the local authority: Alan Inglis for the mother, Alison Ball Rv Institute of Chartered Accoun-QC for the father, Elizabeth Coleman for the guardian ad litem.

Inspection

Ex p Austintel Ltd: CA (Morritt, Ward, Potter LJJ) 31 Oct 1996. The refusal of a judge to grant could apply to the disciplinary

CASE SUMMARIES

25 November 1996

company leave under r proceedings of a body such as 7.28(2) of the Insolvency Rules the institute with power over 1986 (SI 1925) to inspect and the lives and livelihoods of make multiple searches of its members. But the privrecords of insolvency pro- ilege could be waived and it ceedings, on the ground that drea's cases. Such an approach the company's purpose in abwas necessary in order to ennamely to make it available to subscribers, was not a proper purpose, was final: see r 7.28(3). The Court of Appeal had no jurisdiction under RSC investigation. 7.28(1) nor could it grant leave to appeal against the judge's decision.

Justin Rushbrooke (Peter Carter Ruck & Pas) for Austintel; Richard Snowden (Norton Rose) for the So-

Privilege tants of England and Wales, ex p Taher Nawaz, QBD (Sedley J) 25 Oct

The privilege against selfincrimination was not restricted to legal proceedings but

clearly had been waived by the members of the institute under its current rules when they joined it. A member could not therefore rely on the privilege to excuse him from answering questions put to him in the course of an

Philip Engelman (Howard Cohen & Co, Leeds) for the applicant; Monica Carss-Frisk (Denton Hall, Milton Keynes) for the institute.

Witnesses

R v Holt; R v Bird; CA (Cr Div) (Roch LJ, Jowitt J, Judge Ann Goddard QC) 22 Oct 1996. Where a witness, the victim of violence, and another who wittrial of the attacker, then provided the procedures set out in followed, the trial might pro-voucher's face value.

ceed with the witnesses' evidence being admitted under s 23 of the Criminal Justice Act 1988, a provision by which Parliament had recognised and tried to combat the growing ruthlessness of some criminals and their associates. Alun Jones QC (who did not appear

below), Susan Monoghan (Hewitt Burrough & Co. Durtford) for the appellants.

VAT

Argos Distributors Ltd v Customs & Excise Commers: ECI (sixth chamber) 24 Oct 1996.

Where a supplier of goods sold vouchers at a discount to a third party, such as an employer operating an incentive scheme, who distributed the vouchers to persons (such as the employer's staff) who as consumers then used them to buy goods from the supplier at the face value of the vouchers, the "consideration obtained by the supplier", for the purnessed the attack refused out of fear to give evidence at the cil Directive 77/338/EEC (harmonisation of turnover faxes) was the sum actually rethe CPS policy for prosecuting ceived by the supplier on the cases of domestic violence were sale of the voucher, not the





High hopes for trial results, and even for profits, as bio-babes report

A company which has suffered losses of nearly £100m in the past five years and enjoys a pressive news on the pancrestock market valuation of approaching £1.5bn is the most intriguing entry in this week's

It could, of course, only be a runner in the fledgling, blue sky biotech industry where in-

vestment hope springs eternal.

British Biotech, the biggest and most advanced of the biotech babes, is hardly likely to break the habit of its brief lifetime this week.

opment of its Marimastat can-thorisation. If successful, Britcer and Lexipafant pancreatitis Bio could have the satisfaction

atitis front.

At the end of July, the phase three trial, covering 290 pa-tients, was completed. The pa-

tion of the subsequent data started in September.

Results should be declared with the figures on Wednesday.

Should the positive display in the phase two trials be con-Another deficit will be the result of its research burn as it pushes ahead with the develfirmed, BritBio could have a

The shares have had a roller-

coaster run over the past year. When excitement over the cantients were then checked for cer drug was running high in the next 28 days and examination of the subsequent data started in September.

Results should be declared with the former of Midnesday.

When can cause over the carriers were in the spring was running high in the spring was running high in the spring they sourced to the equivalent of 326.5p. A year ago the price was 97.5p; last week it ended at 228.5p.

Another highest hoster heritage. Another biotech enigma,

ML Laboratories, reports year's results today. There are expectations its faithful followers will be rewarded with the sight of a profit - something which still cludes most biotech babes. Last month stockbroker



STOCK MARKET WEEK

DEREK PAIN

Stock market reporter of the year

summer, falling from 468.5p to 269.5p on Friday. Even so, the company has a stock market value of around £380m.



Kevin Leech, who made his fortune building up his family's funeral business and selling it to the Co-operative Society. He still has 54 per cent of ML, probably the first of the current generation of bio-babes to come to market - it arrived in

the middle of the 1987 Crash. The group developed a successful treatment for kidney dialysis patients and a dry pow-der asthma inhaler. It is now focusing on Aids and cancer

sponse to the last Budget of the present Parliament. There are, in some quarters, suggestions any give-away will be poor for sentiment and that a restrained exercise will remove some of the uncertainty which has bedevilled shares in recent weeks.

Each year activity in the Budget run-up is subdued. This year its inhibiting influence has lasted longer and probably been more pronounced, Soaraway sterling and fears of high-

movements often exaggerated

by the low trading volumes. Even after Friday's exuber-ance the Footsie blue chips index is still 54.4 points below its peak, hit last month. This year Footsie has lagged miserably behind the Dow Jones Aver-age, underlining the decoupling between London and New

York. Second and third-line shares have often experienced subdued conditions since perer interest rates have forming well in the first four contributed to the malaise. months of the year. There Yet political worries have not have been complaints that trading in shares of medium

erage has turned on a rampant display, hitting eight consecutive peaks.

This week London will, of course, be dominated by the rehipport the less Budget of the political climate. However, the festive season is usually highly technical with price company it is prone to losses.

Its figures are expected on Friday, an appointment with the market the company has yet to confirm. Last year it lost £9.9m, compared with hopes of profits of £10m, and could well experience a £3.5m setback this time.

Utilities, once again, are among the big battalions reporting. National Grid and Severn Trent have chosen tomorrow, Budget Day, to pro-

duce figures.
Sharing a day with the Chancellor is often a sign that disastrous results are due. It is felt little attention will be paid to

The size of the deficit will not be the main debating point; the progress report is regarded as much more important. of a drug on sa The size of the deficit will not the market is the debate. Aroun the median fit	drugs. After an uninspiring week shares were engulfed by a shares of profits of £5m. It went on to suggest £12m this year and for £106m. Lin the sum- had a negative impact on its 3m through a shares. They have been in
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business & city

BUSINESS & CITY EDITOR: JEREMY WARNER

Westcountry chief pockets £4m from bid

Mathew Horsman Media Editor

The chief executive of Westcountry Television, Stephen Redfarn, is to pocket up to £4m following the dramatic £85m knock-out bid from Michael Green's Carlton Communications for the South-west of England ITV franchise.

The surprise weekend deal was also expected to re-ignite takeover frenzy in the commercial television sector, with attention turning to HTV, the ITV company for Wales and the

Both Carlton and Lord Hollick's United News & Media, which was widely tipped to win Westcountry, were seen as like-

Mr Redfarn will receive between £3.5m and £4m from the deal, as part of long-term was instrumental in putting together the consortium that won the franchise in 1993.

Carlton's move, which saw

odds-on favourite at the 11th hour, is likely to deepen the ri-valry between Mr Green and Lord Hollick. United's aggres-sive and acquisitive chief executive, both of whom are intent on taking part in the wholesale consolidation of the ITV sector sparked by the recent relaxation of ownership rules.

United had hoped to stitch together an ITV empire stretching across the South of England and Wales, grouping its own Meridian and Anglia franchises with Westcountry and HTV. The company had spent nearly two weeks haggling over the terms of its bid for Westcountry. while Mr Green's late offer was accepted in just two days. "Michael Green has just blown Hollick's strategy to bits," an in-sider at HTV said.

Sources at Westcountry said that tensions between United's incentives totalling £8m for Westcountry staff. Mr Redfarm country, particularly over minor details and what one source called "nickel and dime" tactics from Lord Hollick, were a chief reason United failed to clinch Westcountry snatched from the the deal. Lord Hollick, widely

Leading contenders

Cartton, United

Granada, United

Scottish Television

Carrton, United

viewed as a shrewd, if at times overly aggressive, negotiator, yesterday as "disappointed but far from livid" at the outcome.

Carlton's bid was made directly to the company's main shareholders - Daily Mail & General Trust, Brittany Ferries and South West Water - late Wednesday and was £10m higher than United's offer of around £75m. Westcountry is expected to earn about £8m this year, but is heavily dependent on the Channel 4 levy and a programme subsidy from ITV that is likely to be phased out. The deal marked a rare, if ex-

pensive, victory for Mr Green, who has been wrong-footed twice by Lord Hollick - first when United News & Media merged with Lord Hollick's MAI group early this year and more recently when United beat Carlton to a 30 per cent stake in HTV, sold by Scottish Television. The Westcountry victory was seen as a crucial indication that Mr Green would not sit idly by as the ITV map was redrawn.
At issue are the key airtime

sales arrangements in the ITV sector, which are set for further consolidation. HTV and Westcountry's airtime sales are currently handled by United's sales house, TSMS, but Carlton Sales is expected to take the tiny Westcountry business next year. Analysis said Lord Hollick could not afford to see HTV's sales also move to Carlton,



Pipped at the post by Carlton: Lord Hollick is now likely to bid for the HTV franchise

day and Central ITV franchises. HTV provides transmission services to Westcountry, making it even more likely that the two franchises would be more profitable if owned together.

A takeover battle for HTV would be expensive and hardfought. United paid 420p a share for its 20 per cent HTV stake, valuing the company at £365m, but said then it had no intention which owns the London week- of making a full bid. As a result,

The attack is likely to put

further pressure on Don

Cruickshank, the industry

regulator, as he discusses approving the BT-MCI link-up

munications Commission.

United would be forced to offer barricade, with a blocking 20 per at least 420p a share under Takeover Panel rules, barring a cent stake." bid from a third party. For its part, Carlton has said it did not

want to over-pay for TV assets, although the Westcountry victory suggests that strategy may have changed. A source close to United warned yesterday, however: "When Michael comes to bid for HTV, he will see Clive [Lord HTV, he will see Clive [Lord sold to pay down £3.5bn in debt be in discussions with Mr F Hollick], smiling at him over the taken on to buy Forte early this farm about his future role.

Market watchers now expect action on several fronts. Granada, the leisure and media conglomerate, is the most likely buyer of Yorkshire-Tyne Tees, in which it already holds a 27 per cent stake. A move may await the disposal of Granada's Exclusive Hotels, which are being

Photograph: Kayte Brimacombe

year. Granada could also buy tiny Border TV, while Scottish is the most likely buyer of its franchise neighbour, Grampian.

Mr Green stressed at the weekend that the Westcountry acquisition would be earnings enhancing for Carlton shareholders from the start. He also undertook to honour existing contracts, and is understood to be in discussions with Mr Red-

CrestCo to claim problems have been ironed out

Jill Treanor

The managers of Crest, the City's troubled new automated share settlement system, will make a stout defence today against calls by the system's users that Crest's full implementation should be delayed while glitches are ironed out.

The board of CrestCo, the company which funds Crest and represents the brokers which use it, meets today to decide whether the old paperbased system should be kept running in parallel with the new one until the latter works properly. The Crest system has had problems handling large

dealing volumes. Geoffrey Turner, chief executive of the Association of Private Client Investment Managers and Stock Brokers, repeated his call last week for a delay in closing down Talisman, the current settlement system, for another six months after the April handover deadline. The hefty cost of running the two systems at the same time should be paid by the market, Mr Turner said.

But Paul Symons, manager of Crest, said "great improvements" had been made since the dark days of October".

That's our belief. The board must sit down and see if the improvements are adequate," Mr Symons said. He cited statistics which showed that 75 per cent of deals were being handled within two minutes, compared with 25 per cent around three

weeks ago.

Alarm bells have been ringing in the City over the past few weeks because of teething problems with Crest. This has prompted speculation that the CrestCo board could suspend new shares being listed on the system or at least delay the decommissioning of Talisman in April.

However, David Jones, chief executive of phone share-dealing company ShareLink and a member of the CrestCo board, indicated he would resist any calls for further delays to Crest. "At the moment it should proceed as planned. It would be

premature [to make delays] for the next month or so." Jones said.

There have been delays in transferring money to stock broking firms' accounts, which could raise capital adequacy problems. This has prompted the Securities and Futures Authority (SFA), the City regulator, to make visits to City firms,

In Brief

Target

Yorkshire-

 BZW, the investment banking arm of Barclays Bank, has been appointed strategic adviser to the Spanish government for the \$11bn privatisation of Edesa, the country's biggest utility company. Spain floated 34 per cent of the electrical generator and distributor on the New York Stock Exchange 10 years ago, and has now instructed BZW to advise on privatising the remaining 66 per cent in three tranches over the next three years. Edesa is one the largest quoted utilities in Europe, with a market capitalisation of \$16.5bn.

Deals still to come in the ITV sector

£350-£365m

£800-£900m

£110-120m

£450-500m

£30-35m

• Antti Pankakoski, chairman and chief executive of Cunard, told the BBC's Money Programme last night he would consider any offer for the company from a "serious buyer". "Obviously, what we would do if there's serious interest from a serious buyer or from a serious corporation partner, we would look at that and run an analysis on that." Pressed on whether he was open to offers. Mr Pankakoski said: "You could say that if an offer comes, we'll analyse it and sec.

 Hambro Countrywide has clinched an agreed £8.4m cash bid for RPT Management Services to boost its London residential property investment and management side. The offer for the Finchley-based company is 114p in cash for each RPT share with a loan note alternative and with shareholders being entitled to retain RPT's interim dividend of 1.5p. RPT has net assets of £338.019 and Hambro Countrywide says it sees residential letting in London as a growth area.

 PatientLine, a three-year-old company which provides bedside phone and TV services to hospital patients, has raised £6.3m to fund a roll-out of its services in 25 NHS hospitals over the next four years. Colin Alton, the founder and chief executive of the Slough-based company, is raising the money from Mercury Private Equity, the venture capital arm of Mercury Asset Management, in exchange for a 42 per cent equity stake in PatientLine. The company sells its services direct to hospital patients via smart cards. PatientLine made losses of £600.000 for the past two years. but aimed to be in the black by next year, said Mr Alton.

 Northern Electric is expected to reveal a big increase in half-yearly profits later this week as CE Electric, the US-owned company behind a £766m all-cash takeover bid, prepares to announce how many Northern shareholders have accepted its offer. Investors in Northern have until 3pm tomorrow to accept the offer, which values the Newcastle-based group's shares at 630p. The results for the six months to the end of September, which have been brought forward as part of Northern's bid defence and must be published by Friday, are likely to forecast strong profits growth for the full year to next March.

• Nynex CableComms, one of three UK cable operators involved in a £5bn alliance with Cable & Wireless, will put BT under pressure with the launch of what it claims is a cheaper digital voice and data service. The Nynex ISDN service, aimed at small business customers, will cost £285 to install, with quarterly line rental payments of £66. The company says this is £80 cheaper than the lowest-cost BT ISDN package. Nynex's services will be branded as Cable & Wireless Communications from the spring.

AT&T steps up attack on BT takeover

Chris Godsmark Business Correspondent

The US telephone giant, AT&T. will today intensify its onslaught on the proposed £12bn take over of rival MCI by British Telecom with a strong attack on the way the UK phone market

is regulated. Merrill Tutton, head of AT&T's British operations, will tell a conference of managers who run large company phone networks that the market is in danger of being carved up by BT and Cable & Wireless into a new duopoly.

cent if it can prove that the British phone market is as liberal as the US market. Elaborating on the criticism already made by AT&T's chairman, Robert Allen, Mr Tutton £5bn deal with Nynex

the UK, which encourages operators to build rival cable networks, is acting as a barrier to genuine customer choice. Although several firms have

with his counterparts in the US watchdog, the Federal Comconstructed national trunk net-The FCC has already made works since deregulation in 1991, BT still controls its local clear that it will only give BT the go-ahead to increase its stake in infrastructure, which takes MCI from 20 per cent to 100 per phone wires to the home. In adconstructing their own local networks, some of which will be merged with Mercury's trunk system when Cable & Wireless's

will tell delegates that the key principle behind competition in CableComms, Bell Cablemedia and Videotron is completed next April. However, AT&T has complained that its UK customers

can only use its service after first

dialling a special code to gain access to the network. ple also means customers have two bills, one from the longdistance company and one from dition, cable companies are BT for use of the local infra-

structure. In the US, all operator firms have equal access through local phone companies, the so-called

riers to moving from indirect access to equal access in the UK are not difficult. It's the political will to do it that's needed." said an AT&T source. The US group launched its

first UK service in January and has signed up some 800 business customers, including Rover and Texaco, and an undisclosed number of residential users.

However, both Oftel and the Government are likely to reject the criticisms on the grounds that deregulation in the UK has succeeded in bringing billions of pounds of investment in the

Supermarkets bag a greater share of the drinks trade

Supermarkets have increased their share of the take-home drinks trade by 14 per cent to 64 per cent over the past six years at the expense of traditional off-licences, and are set to widen their lead despite planning curbs on new super-

According to a survey by Verdict Research, published today, supermarkets such as Tesco will in future benefit from better marketing and buying power and will continue to win market share from specialists such as Thresher and Victoria Wine.

Traditional off-licences have seen their share of the takehome market tumble from 40 per cent in 1990 to 31 per cent today. Yet the market itself is booming.
The total drinks market has

ay Angel course (1-52 Amas day (#19.

UK interest rates

grown by just over 48 per cent since 1988, while the off-trade sector has expanded at nearly

twice that rate, by 82 per cent. If anything, the Verdict Survey says, the trend is "picking up speed". By the end of this year, take-home drink sales will be worth £8.5bn. equivalent to £400 for every household in the country. This compares with almost £4.7bn eight years ago, when takehome accounted for a quarter of all drink sales. Today take-

Tesco has led the charge for the supermarkets, growing its share of the drinks market by nearly a third in the past four years alone. Tesco now has 13.9 per cent of the national drinks market, overtaking the previous leader. Sainsbury's, which has 12 per cent.
The other winner has been

home sales are 31 per cent of

the total.

Safeway, which has grown its share by a fifth, while Asda has grown by a more modest 5 per

This growth has left the spe-cialist drinks retailers with just two champions of any size, Thresher and Victoria Wine. Both are around four times the size of their closest rival, Greenalls The Verdict survey says there

has already been considerable consolidation in the sector and there is little scope left for more mergers.

Specialists have reacted by

going up market in an attempt to use their wine credentials to differentiate themselves from the grocers. Some of them have also embraced the convenience store concept, Thresher through its Huttons chain and Greenalls through Greenalls Food Stores. In the specialist sector.

Thresher, the leading off-licence chain, has streamlined its business and market share has fallen from 9.1 per four years ago to 7.9 per cent today. Its closest rival, Victoria Wine, has moved in the opposite direction, growing its share from 5.3 per cent to 7.1 per

Verdict warns that there is still a big competitive chal-lenge to UK retailers from France. "The spectre of cross-Channel trade still looms ominously over the drinks industry

as a whole," it says.

Both legitimate and illicit cross-Channel drinks buying wiped an estimated £4.18bn off the domestic trade last year, or 15 per cent of the total market. "Contrary to common belief, the problem is a nationwide one and by no means restricted to the South-east," Verdict says.

See Network the 14 page special I.T. section in The Tabloid

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telecommunications with

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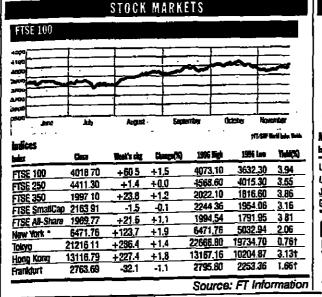
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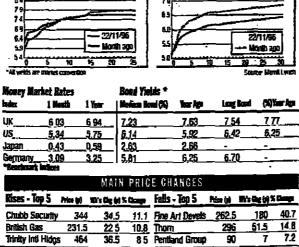
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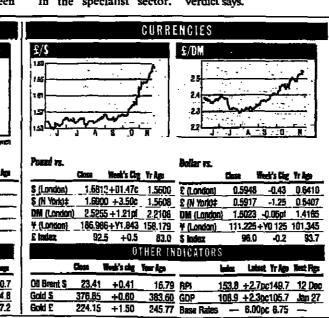
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INTEREST RATES





GAVYN DAVIES

'Adding together the "automatic" changes in tax and spending, the PSBR will decline by about £4bn if the Chancellor simply stands up, says "a bit chilly for the time of year", and sits down again'

The extra billions Clarke has up his sleeve

Ken Clarke will almost certainly stand up sures. Second, there was (as always) the "natin tomorrow's Budget speech and claim ural" growth in the tax take as percentage that he is performing the Chancellor's hat trick a simultaneous reduction in taxation, in public borrowing, and in public spending. He will also claim to be cutting the spending total while simultaneously ensuring that extra re-sources are devoted to the main government

services such as health and education. In a sense, he will be right in claiming the hat trick. A combination of careful planning over a number of years, along with a certain amount of good fortune in recent months, has placed him in a position to substantiate the claim. But in order to understand what it will all really mean, we need to delve a little into the

Treasury's conjuring box.

The first thing to realise about budgets is that the policy changes which are announced every November represent only a small part of what really determines changes in the public sector borrowing requirement (PSBR) from one year to the next. Typically, there is a table at the front of the official Red Book which summarises the impact of the Budget measures themselves. The net impact is usually very small. For example, last year the Chancellor announced new cuts in taxation which amounted to £3.1bn, but he also reduced public spending by £3.3bn, so the net effect of the Budget was to cut the PSBR projection by only £0.2bn. But this was not really a fair measure of the impact of policy changes on the PSBR in 1996/97.

First, previously announced increases in the real level of duties on tobacco and fuel raised the burden of tax by several hundred million pounds in 1996/97, but this did not appear as part of last year's new Budget mea-

ural" growth in the tax take as percentage of GDP which follows automatically from real growth in the tax bases such as wages and consumer spending. (The Treasury indexes the tax system to eliminate the impact of price inflation, but it does not remove the effect of real growth in items such as wages.) This probably put at least another £2bn into the Treasury coffers without the Chancellor needing to acknowledge it at all. And third, the baseline for public spending already included a large dose of fiscal restraint which had been amounced in earlier plans. In fact, the control total for public spending was planned to fall by about £8bn compared with the level which would have been reached on

the "neutral" assumption that spending normally grows in line with trend GDP. In total, this adds up to over £10bn of fiscal tightening which was automatically due to take effect when the Chancellor stood up to speak last November. He then cut both taxes and spending by £3bn, thus leaving the whole of this baseline tightening in place. In theory, then, if the economy had grown at its trend rate of 22 per cent this year, the PSBR should have dropped by £10bn. In fact, it has only dropped by £80n, mainly because of a small forecasting mistake – the level of nominal GDP has been a little less buoyant than was expected by the Treasury last year. But this just demonstrates how unimportant the Budget itself can be compared to the built-in factors which change the PSBR without the Chancellor appearing to announce

anything at all. This year, the same forces will be at work. though to a smaller extent. On tax, real fiscal Medium-term PSBR projections

drag and the rise in tobacco and fuel duties will once again add £2.5bn to the level of receipts next year, but £1.5bn of this will be eliminated by the second year impact of the tax reductions announced in 1995. Thus the automatic rise in taxation is only about £1bn. On public spending, the baseline cut in the real control total next year is scheduled to be about £5bm, but privatisation is due to drop by £2.5bn, leaving an overall cut in the spending total of £2.5bn. Adding together these "automatic" changes in tax and spending, the PSBR will therefore decline by about £4bn if the Chancellor simply stands up, says "a bit chilly for the time of year", and sits down

This figure should not be forgotten when assessing the impact of tomorrow's Budget. Almost everybody has recommended that the fiscal stance should be tightened, from the Treasury panel of "wise persons" to the CBL. to the Economist newspaper and Ken Liv-

ingstone himself. (Yes, Ken Livingstone.) mention him because his remarks on the BBC's Any Questions brought home how much the Labour Party - the whole Labour Party and not just the "new" wing - has really changed on fiscal rectitude. He said that, whoever wins the election, the next chancellor will almost certainly have to raise taxation by £15bn in order to correct the problem of excess public borrowing and to bring down

the national debt. This, from the unreconstructed "Left" of the people's party.)

Anyway, back to the Budget. The point is that Mr Clarke has squirrelled away £4bn with which to tighten the fiscal stance. This will take effect even if there is no Budget at all tomorrow. So if he does what is generally ex-pected, cutting the total tax burden by £2-3bn, and also reducing public spending by the same amount, the fiscal stance will actually tighten by the same £4bn between this year and next. In other words, a neutral package on the day will actually deliver the fiscal tightening which Mr Livingstone and other well-known fiscal hairshirts have been asking for.

This leaves the question of how he can appear to cut the public spending total while also announcing increases in the types of public spending which people actually like, notably health and education. Three factors help him here. The first is that last year's overall spending plans included a reserve of £5bn which was not allocated to specific departments. He can now cut this to £2.5bn, thus reducing the spending total without hitting any of the government departments. Second unemployment has fallen much more sharply than expected last year, and this will take at least £0.5bn out of the social security bud-get. It can be added to other departments, like health. Third, inflation is once again lower than expected a year ago, so there is less pressure on the wages of public em-

ployees across the board.

The combination of these factors means the Chancellor will be able to add considerable sums to health and education, compared to previous plans. But when listening to the Budget, remember that Mr Clarke will have to add £1.4bn to his previous unrealistically low plans for the health department simply to allow NHS spending to grow in line with the rest of the economy. Anything less than this tomorrow means a relative cut in

health spending.

A final point. Whoever wins the election, this is likely to be Mr Clarke's last budget. He inherited a PSBR of £46bn, and he will bequeath to his successor one of £20hn. Still too high, perhaps, but much better than it

Oil industry 'falls to 48-hour work rule'

Chris Godsmark **Business Correspondent**

The European Commission plans to extend the scope of its controversial legislation on working hours to include workers in the North Sea oil industry, according to some of the

largest oil and gas producers.
The UK Offshore Operators Association, which represents oil companies including BP and Shell, said it believed it had lost a long-running campaign to maintain the exclusion for employees working on offshore rigs and platforms.

will be likely to damage further ropean Commission for 18 rective, the industry is more sion and the UK government, which has pledged to fight the directive following a recent set- the legislation. This is of enorback for ministers in the European Court of Justice.

The legislation, which came

into effect across the EU last Saturday, limits employees to a maximum 48-hour week and imposes controls on rest periods and night shifts. A draft white paper examin-

ing excluded industries, prepared by the office the social affairs commissioner, Padraig Flynn, is thought to have come down in favour of extending the directive to the offshore oil and gas sector.

Andrew Searle, from the Offshore Operators Association, said: "We are absolutely confident and adamant that our industry has lost its exclusion. Any move to extend the law We've been lobbying the Eu- in the 48 stipulated by the diis no reference to our industry maintaining its exclusion from mous concern to us."

The offshore oil industry, which comes under the category

of work at sea, was one of eight sectors excluded from the original European law on the grounds that employees involved worked unusual shift patterns. The directive has been treated as a health and safety measure by the EC and is therefore not covered by the British opt-out from legislation in the Social Chapter of the Maas-

tricht Treaty.

Most offshore employees work 12-hour shifts every day for two weeks, followed by two weeks' leave at home. Though over a four-month period, total hours would generally be witherning shift breaks and night work. These guarantee a minimum rest period of 11 consecutive hours in each 24-hour period and restrict night shifts to an average of eight hours.

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Two on, two off: Oil workers have unusual shift patterns

The Offshore Operators As-North Sea projects.

However, a spokeswoman for Mr Flynn denied that any final decisions had been taken about industries which could

"Nothing has crystallised yet sociation said this would add and before we decide, we will millions of pounds of costs to be discussing matters with the would describe the oil compa-nies' response as over-reaction,"

The final version of the white paper is due to be published in

Chancellor set to increase growth forecast for 1997

Diane Coyle Economics Editor

The Chancellor is believed to have increased his forecast for growth next year in the light of signs that the economy is moving up a gear. A modest upward revision would bring the Treasury more closely into line with other economic forecasters and allow it to lop several billion pounds off the Government's planned borrowing

The new predictions published with tomorrow's Budget are likely to put the increase in gross domestic product (GDP) in 1997 at 3.5 per cent, compared with 3.25 per cent in the Treasury's mid-summer foreast. It will not the Chancellor in the middle of the range produced by his panel of independent forecasters, the six "wise

However, he will remain more optimistic than most

Services

will have to continue predicting that the Government will meet its inflation target of 2.5 per cent by the end of next year, although he could edge up the forecast from its current 2.25 per cent.

Most experts think the target measure of inflation, the RPI excluding mortgage interest payments, will be closer to 3 per cent a year from now. It stood at 3.3 per cent in the 12 months to October.

Mr Clarke has long insisted that the economy would gather steam in the second half of this year and into next and he has been proved right, not least because of his decisions to reduce interest rates on four ember and June. Economists in been steadily revising up their

past few weeks. "The Chancellor can

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others on inflation. Mr Clarke certainly justify moving his own forecast up. The evidence is pointing that way," said David Owen, an economist at investment bank Kleinwort Benson.

One advantage of the move is that it will help justify a more optimistic outlook for tax revenues and government borrowing. According to rule of thumb in a Treasury working paper last autumn, an extra quarter point of growth could reduce the borrowing requirement by up to £6bn after two

The embarrassment of severely underpredicting tax revenues last year has made Treasury economists more cautious about their forecast for the City and elsewhere have outlook and better-thanexpected tax receipts so far own growth forecasts during the during 1996 will allow them to significantly reduce the

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(7 days, 24 hours) The Dorchester Plan

Rising from the ashes?

When a space rocket explodes, as Ariane 5 did in June, scientists are devastated by the loss of years of work. But on Wednesday some cherished projects could be resurrected. By Charles Arthur

magine that you have spent 10 years of your life designing and building your dream house. Imagine the effort, the trials, the tears - and the triumph when you finally stand back to declare it finished.

At which point, a gas leak blows it up. Demolishes it utterly.

Do you think you'd be upset? If so, you're getting a glimpse of the feelings of the scientists who watched the Ariane 5 rocket explode on 5 June as it carried their experiments skywards. For some, the equipment that was destroyed represented the fruits of their professional lives.

"At the launch, I was really thinking, "This will make my career." says Dr Andrew Fazakericy. 31, of the instrument team at the Mullard Space Science Laboratory. He helped build a magnetometer to measure the interaction of the magnetic fields of the Sun and Earth. They did recover what was left of it: twisted, charred, and in no

shape to do magnetometry any more. Also wrecked was the promise of the data that it would have sent back from its mission. That put paid to any research papers that might be written from that data. So it's not only 10 years' past work gone in a flash; it's future work too. The questions have been piling up for 30 years, and this

would have answered them," he says. To pile on the pain, many of those same scientists had to go through it all again last week, when the Russian Proton rocket carrying the Mars 96 mission crash-landed in the Pacific Occan after a booster stage failed.

"I was in the lab on that Sunday," says Dr Fazakerley. "I was with someone who had spent eight years working solely on an experiment for that launch. Straight out of university and into that. Next morning he finds it's not going to produce anything.
"It's very hard to explain this, and

how it feels, because most people don't work in that way." However, there is a gleam of hope for those who lost work in the Ariane

disaster: this week, the project may receive a new lease of life. On Wednesday, the European Space Agency's Science Policy com-

mittee meets in Paris to decide

whether to go ahead with a project

appropriately enough. The idea would be to rebuild, as cheaply as possible, a mission which would launch those experiments again. A detailed cost analysis has shown that it would cost ESA about £150m to



A dream destroyed: Dr Andrew Fazakerley surveying the ruined magnetometer and its prototype

build Phoenix. By using spares from the original, the price could be held down. "It would be a cheap method of doing it," said Professor Steve Schwartz, announcing the idea on behalf of a team of UK scientists who

"Not cheap, Steve - cost-effective," corrected Professor David Southwood, whose team in the physics department at Imperial College, Lon-don lost experiments in both failed

However, the British scientists point out that success depends on two things: a quick decision, and a willingness by the Government to find an extra £7m of funding over the next four years to rebuild the equipment for the experiments.

If the decision is not approved by the end of next week, the teams of specialists who have been working on the programmes will start to split up and their expertise will be lost. More than 300 scientists in 20 countries have

worked on the projects. But it's British teams who are most in need of the extra funding.

"Britain was very successful in the original mission in getting more than its share of instruments on board," says Prof Southwood. Three of the 11 experiments were home-grown. "But that means that re-equipping it is a particular problem for us." He puts the cost into perspective by pointing out that it represents just 2 per cent of the amount invested so far across Europe.

He acknowledges that the Treasury seems to be the biggest obstacle to a successful flight of Phoenix. Confronted with the idea of paying to rebuild the scientific instruments, hard-line monetarists (or whatever name they now go by) may say that the scientists should have done what any home-builder would do - insure them-

But that was not reasonable, according to Prof Southwood. "We didn't buy insurance, because it's not

sensible for something that's a one-off," he says. "How do you buy another Picasso? It's not the same, even if you get Picasso to paint it

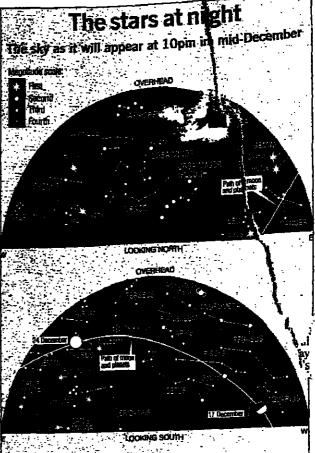
Who expected any problem? (Not this writer, who turned down the chance to see the launch in Guyana.) Not Prof Southwood. "I wasn't worried beforehand about the Ariane especially not its software. [A software fault led to the rocket's self-destruction.] And the [Russian] Proton is a workhorse spacecraft - I didn't expect problems there."

To which the monetarist might answer: what's the use of the work, anyway? The Cluster experiment would measure the gusts of charged particles flowing from the Sun, to help understand how the Earth's magnetic field protects us from them. Four spacecraft would be needed, to give a three-dimensional picture of the inter-

And what does that have to do with

the price of fish? Coincidentally, on the day the British team was setting out its call for ESA and government approval, a panel of US government scientists announced that the Sun is entering a three-year weather "cycle" which will send out electromagnetic storms through space that could affect industries such as power supply, satel-lite communications, oil drilling and rocket launches. The last time it happened, electricity supplies in Canada were severely affected. The Cluster instruments would have been ideally placed to measure these changes and help scientists understand them. Not

just the stuff of ivory towers. But until Wednesday, the teams will have to wait, wondering quite where their lives go from here. "If Britain declared that we can't deliver the instruments for Phoenix, then everybody would know that it's not worth going ahead with it," says Prof South-wood. "We don't want to spoil the ship for a ha'porth of tar."



be planet Jupiter, a brilliant feature of this autumn's skies, is now growing fainter and setting earlier. n's skies, is now growing fainter and setting earlier.

Mid-month, it goes down just two hours after the Sun.

But Saturo is still with us, shining steadily in the south west

throughout the month. Above Saturn lies the Square of Pegasus, and higher up again the Andromeda Galaxy. Visible only on dark nights, when its faint glow is not drowned out by moonlight or light pollution, the Andromeda Galaxy is the nearest large starcity to our own Milky Way – some 22 million light years away, or 13 million mil

lin the east, look for the beautiful little cluster of stars called the Pleiades, or Seven Sisters. Along with bright red Aldebaran, the Pleiades are the forerunners of the brilliant winter constellations! Orion the hunter, Gemini the twins,

winter constellations! Grion the hunter, Gemini the twins, and the two dogs—Caais Major and Canis Minor.

The early morning skies are graced by two planets. Mars is rising just before midnight, under the crouching shape of Leo, the lion: Low is the early dawn sky, you can spot the brightest planet of all, lowely Menus.

The night of 13-14 December will bring one of the year's iteral speciacular displays of sheoting stars, Meteors from the Caminid shower will rain down from the north-east part of the sky, possibly at the rate of one a minute. These "shooting stars" are not stars at all, but fragments from an asteroid, Phaethon, that crosses the Earth sorbit. At its closest to the Sun. Phaethon is well within the orbit of the impermost planet. Mercury, it was discovered as recently impermost planet. Mercury. It was discovered as recently as 1983, and may be the "missing link" between comes and asteroids: a comes that has lost all its gases.

DECEMBER DIARY (all times GMT)

3 Moon at last quarter 5.06am 10 New Moon 4.57pm 13 maximum of Gennid meteor shower 17 Moon at first quarter 9.31am 21 winter solstice 200pm 24 Full Moon 8.41pm

Heather Couper and Nigel Henbest

theoretically

"Like assembling a snowflake in a blast furnace" was how one scien tist at the Fermi National Accelerator in Batavia, Illinois, described the process of making antimatter here on Earth. But the Fermilah last week made seven atoms of antihydrogen - a positron and an antiproton. That was first achieved in January by Europe's CERN, but the Fermilab hopes to go into mass production of antimatter.

Aspirin's wonder drug status has been further enhanced: it protects against nerve cell death. A team in Italy has reported in Science how giving it to rats, in the concentrations used to treat chronic muscle and joint inflammation, also prevents the neurotransmitter glutamate from killing neurons. That's on top of aspirin's ability to lessen the risk of strokes and heart attacks when taken over the long term. It's cheap, too.

tained one (7)

money overall (5)

17 A member of school's go-

14 Choice of fruit (4)

ing on (2,5)

Gene hunters are closing in on two more diseases. Millennium Pharmaceuticals of Cambridge, Massachusetts identified a gene that leads to type II diabetes, which makes up about 90 pe cent of cases. Meanwhile a team at the National Center for Human Genome Research in Bethesda, Maryland, narrowed the search for a gene mutation implicated in 3 per cent of prostate cancers to part of chromosome 1. They now intend to pin down the exact location for the gene, which causes about one-third of hereditary prostate

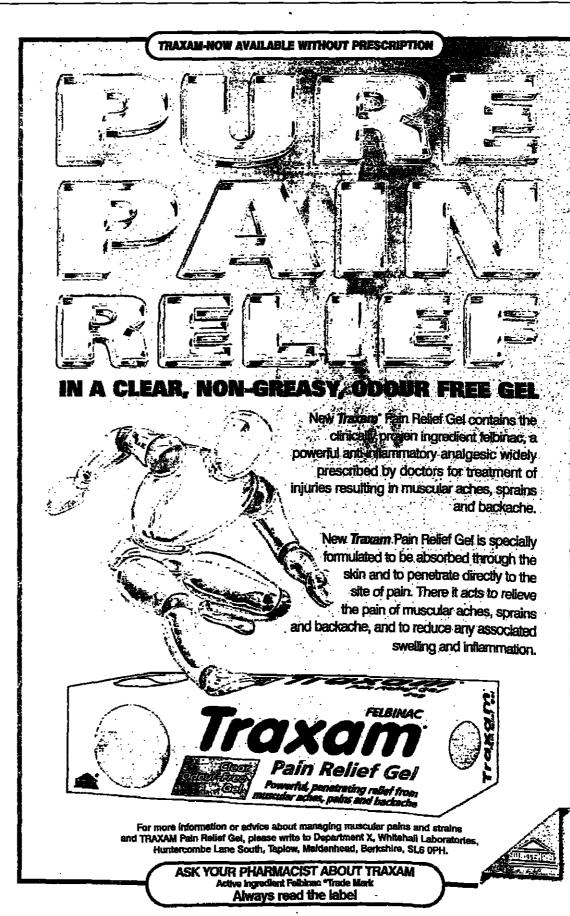
Maize really is strange stuff, say a team who have studied its genome and found it to be full of genetic additions that could weaken, kill or drastically alter the plant's cells - but don't. The extra material resembles retroviruses - which insert their genetic material into that of the host (HTV is a well-known example). Some may be fragments of infectious retroviruses

picked up in the plant's evolution. Maize somehow stops damage from the extra genetic material by keeping it away from active genes. The data could give genetic engineers a better blueprint to change maize plants, and perhaps help to develop more efficient techniques for human gene ther-

Fish that change sex - yes, again.

A British report two weeks ago said it was all the fault of natural oestrogen rather than chemicals from the Pill Dutch scientists now say that chemicals in the environment are causing the trouble. Sylvia Gimeno and colleagues in Delft told Nature that they exposed young carp to TPP, a common industrial chemical. In common with another group of fish exposed to oestrogen, male fish developed an oviduct, which female fish use to lay eggs. The team suggested using their test to check the effects of other chemicals in the environment. What the fish think isn't clear

THE INDEPENDENT CROSSWORD No. 3153. Monday 25 November 1996 31 Resolve to check country road first (13) One lot of money includes price of stamp (7) Agreed a deal with fellow by the end of June (4) Length of staff attendant French department's reached another way (7) Avoid spending cash that's spare (4) Monkey flower found in Indian coastal state (7) It's barred for children at Replaced not a single map of town (10,3) 15 Double over before second service (5) 16 Surf power in total's increased by a quarter (5) 20 Further loan (7) 21 Help set up weight plan ACROSS 1 One who pays a flying vis-22 Narrow ring on point of simple ending (7) 19 Wary of policeman (7) spiked device (7) 23 A skinhead in brawl with 10 Battle list to contain mid-22 Hard case (7) 24 Party long after leader deshipman (7) 11 Different date lines relove poet (7) 27 Island's part of a risky enparts (4) 25 Place of birth in Africa? 28 Best root vegetable, it's 12 Chain letters (4) 13 Hard hit, being without 26 Wrong about key evidence



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